State Library

The People's Press.

VOL. XXIV. SALEM, N. C., NOVEMBER 30, 1876. NO. 48.

The General Assembly.

SENATE.

1st District—Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Hertford, Gates, Chowan and Perquimans—Octavius Coke, of Chowan; William C. Mercer, of Currituck.

2nd District—Tyrrell, Washington, Martin, Dare, Beaufort, Pamlico and Hyde—Charles Latham; W. T. Callo.

3rd District—Northampton and Bertie—*George A. Mebane.*

4th District—Halifax—*John Bryant, col.*

5th District—Edgecombe—*W. P. Mason, col.*

6th District—Pitt—Jos. B. Stickney.

7th District—Wilson, Nash and Franklin—N. W. Boddie, of Nash; Henry G. Williams, of Wilson.

8th District—Craven—*George Greene.*

9th District—Jones, Onslow, and Carteret—Benjamin F. Askew, of Jones.

10th District—Duplin and Wayne—John D. Stanford, of Duplin; I. F. Dortch of Wayne.

11th District—Greene & Lenoir—*W. W. Dunn.*

12th District—New Hanover—*W. H. Moore, col.*

13th District—Brunswick and Bladen—J. N. Bennett, of Brunswick.

14th District—Sampson—J. L. Stewart.

15th District—Columbus and Robeson—Col. Henry B. Short, of Columbus.

16th District—Cumberland and Harnett—W. C. Troy, of Cumberland.

17th District—Johnson, L. R. Waddell.

18th District—Wake, *R. W. Wynn.*

19th District—Warren, *J. W. Thorne.*

20th District—Orange, Person and Caswell, John W. Graham, of Orange; John W. Cunningham, of Person.

21st District—Granville. *Hanson T Hughes, col.*

22nd District—Chatham, W. G. Albright.

23rd District—Rockingham, W. N. Mebane.

24th District—Alamance and Guilford—Thos. M. Holt, of Alamance; Junius I Scales, of Guilford.

25th District—Randolph and Moore, M. S. Robbins, of Randolph.

26th District—Richmond and Montgomery, *H. C. Dockery, of Richmond*

27th District—Anson and Union—Ed. R. Liles of Anson.

28th District—Cabarrus and Stanley, L. G. Helig, of Carbarrus.

29th District—Mecklenburg, Thomas J. Moore.

30th District—Rowan and Davie, William H. Crawford, of Rowan.

31st District—Davidson, B. B. Roberts.

32nd District—Stokes and Forsyth, Thomas J. Wilson, of Forsyth.

33rd District—Surry and Radkin, John G. Marler, of Yadkin.

34th District—Iredell, Wilkes and Alexander, Thomas A Nicholson, of Iredell; Tyre York, of Wilkes.

35th District—Alleghany, Ashe ond Watauga, Hervey Bingham, of Watauga.

36th District—Caldwell, Burke, McDowell, Mitchell and Yancey. G. N. Folk, of Caldwell, C. F. Young, of Yancey.

37th District—Catawba and Lincoln, S. M. Finger, of Catawba.

38th District—Gaston and Cleveland, Robt. W. Sandifer, of Gaston.

39th District—Rutherford and Polk, M. H. Justice, of Rutherford.

40th District—Buncombe and Madison, Thos. D. Johnson, of Buncombe.

41st District—Haywood, Henderson and Transylvania, G. S. Ferguson.

42nd District—Jackson, Swain, Macon Cherokee, Clay and Graham, J. L. Robinson, of Macon.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Alamance, Daniel Worth.
Alexander, Milton Stephenson.
Alleghany, E L Vaughn.
Anson, B I Dunlap.
Ashe, Joseph Todd.
Beaufort, Decatur W Jarvis.
Bertie, *W T Ward.*
Bladen, John H Clark.
Brunswick, *D L Russell.*
Buncombe, M E. Carter, J C Sams.
Burke, J W Wilson.
Cabarrus, E E Harris.
Caldwell J M Houck.
Camden. J R Abbott.
Carteret, W V Geffroy,
Caswell, *Thomas Harrison, Wilson Cary, col.*
Catawba, D Mc D Yount.
Chatham, J M. Moring, R J. Powell.
Cherokee, J. W. Cooper.
Chowan, *Townsend E Ward.*
Clay, W H McLure.
Cleveland, R. McBrayer.
Columbus, V V Richardson.
Craven, *W E Clarke, Henry H Simmons.*
Cumberland, I W Godwin, Geo. M Rose.
Currituck—A. E Baxter.
Dare—
Davidson, M H Pinnix, J A Leach,
Davie, Charles Price.
Duplin, A G Moseley, J G Kenan.
Edgecombe, *W A Duggan, Willis Bunn.*
Forsyth, *Edgar Lineback.*
Franklin, *John A Williamson, col.*
Gaston, W G Morris.
Gates, W P Roberts.
Graham, votes with Cherokee.
Granville, *Wm. Bell, W H Crews.*
Greene, *W P Ormond.*
Guilford, Lyndon Swaim, J N Staples.
Halifax, *J A White, John Reynolds.*
Harnett, D H McLean.
Haywood, F M Davis.
Henderson, *J L Hood.*
Hertford, *J J Horton.*
Hyde, William S Carter.
Iredell, A C Sharpe, A F Gaither.
Jackson—G. W. Speke.
Johnston, H J Ryals, Dr. Farquhard Smith.
Jones, *J F Scott.*
Lenoir, *James K Davis,*
Lincoln, B C Cobb.
Macon, Dr. Rush.
Madison, *W W Rollins.*
Martin, N. B. Fagan.
McDowell, J S Brown,
Mecklenburg, W E Ardrey, R A Shotwell.
Mitchell, *John P Heap.*
Montgomery, *W T H Ewing.*
Moore, J D McIver.
Nash, T P Braswell.
New Hanover, *J C Hill, col. James Wilson.*
Northampton— A. J. Allen.
Onslow, J W Shackelford.
Orange, Calvin E Parrish, J Knox Hughes.
Pamlico, votes with Beaufort.
Pasquotank, *Hugh Cale.*
Pender, *Alfred Loyd, col.*
Perquimans, *Willis Bagley.*
Person, M McGehee.
Pitt, Elbert A Moye, Samuel Quinnerly.
Polk, James K Simpson.
Randolph, Dr. T L Winslow, Dr. Michael Fox.
Richmond, *W R Terry.*
Robeson, Alfred Rowland, Murdock McRae.
Rockingham, James P Dillard, Dr. P M Winchester.
Rowan, J S Henderson, J S McCubbins.
Rutherford, D Beam.
Sampson, N H Fennell, J A Bizzell.
Stanley, J E Hartsell.
Stokes, Walter W King.
Surry, J F Graves.
Swain—
Transylvania—
Tyrrell, Edward Ransom.
Union, C Austin.
Wake, *T R Purnell, J E Bledsoe, Jas. Ennis, M G Todd.*
Warren, *G H King. D R Johnson.*
Washington, *S L Johnson.*
Watauga, W B Council.
Wayne, Owen Peel, Frank W Aycock.
Wilkes, Phineas Horton, *J Q A Bryan.*
Wilson, R W Singletary.
Yadkin, J N Hampton.
Yancey, W W Proffitt.

Radical members names are printed in *italics.*

The People's Press.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

TERMS:--CASH IN ADVANCE.

One copy, one year.....$2 00
" " six months.....1 00
" " three months.....75

LIBERAL DISCOUNT TO CLUBS.

A FRENCH SCANDAL.

HOW A THIEF WAS DISCOVERED AND REQUESTED TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

[Paris Correspondence of the New York Herald.]

Saint Cyr is the West Point of France and the honor of its cadets is dear to every soldier and civilian in the country. It is, therefore, with nothing less than a feeling of pain that society hears of the convocation of a court trial of a "Saint Cyrien" for theft. A few nights ago a cadet, who may be designated as B. tossing haplessly on his bed, saw a figure in white passing by him (it should be observed that the pupils at military college sleep together in a large dormitory,) and he cried out:

"Who's that?"

"It is I," said a voice which he recognized as that of X.

"What are you doing?"

X. informed his comrade, and the latter, merely taking advantage of the situation to make a joke, thought no more of the matter.—Next morning a cadet missed his purse, containing 1,000f. 20c. Who had taken it? It was soon discovered that the thief must have been one of the pupils, and yet there was no one who could be fairly suspected. It was then that B. called to mind his nocturnal interview with X., though he shrunk from the idea of uttering his thoughts aloud. Still he mentioned the circumstance to an intimate friend or two, and one of these presently suggested that every cadet should submit to be searched. The proposal was agreed to. X., never moved a muscle while his comrades were thrusting their hands into his pockets. Nothing was found on him but 25f., to which his title could not be disputed.

It was now eleven o'clock in the morning.—At two o'clock the promotion list was to be published, and it was known that X. would appear among the number of sub-lieutenants.—Once a commissioned officer, and he would be safe from further inquiries. He was playing a desperate game for the convered epaulette or a pair of handcuffs. Still his every movement was jealously watched. In a few minutes he was observed to be pacing uneasily between the dormitory and the court-yard, as though he was watching for an opportunity of being alone. B., whose suspicions were far from being at rest, demanded another general search, each cadet to strip. X. smiled when it came to his turn, and continued to smile while the lining of his coat was conscientiously cross-examined—Nothing was found, and now popular opinion veered round to his side. He stood honorably acquitted in the eyes of his comrades.

It was half-past one. In another half-hour he would be a French officer. An old chum came forward and heartily shook him by the hand. "Now its over," he said, "I don't mind telling you, old fellow, that you were suspected;" and he explained why. X. made no answer. His gaze was fixed almost stonily on a young cadet who had just stretched out his hand toward a packet of Maryland cigarettes, which had just been turned out of X's. pocket. Then B., who had never ceased to watch him, darted forward and clutched at the packet himself, tore the paper from a cigarette, and found it contained, instead of tobacco, a one-thousand-franc note, neatly rolled up. Everyone stood confounded. "Dress!" said one of his companions sternly to X. who was now observed, while taking his sock, to make a rapid movement, almost imperceptible movement. Four cadets sprang on him and seized the socks. One of them contained four sous, which the unhappy youth had had the courage to hold concealed in his left hand during the two previous investigations. Of course they exactly made up the 1,000f. 20c. contained in the missing purse.

X. was left for a few minutes quite alone.—Then several of his messmates returned. One bore a loaded Chassepot, another a six-shooter, also loaded; a third a vial containing poison, a fourth a short cord, evidently capable of sustaining a considerable weight. Then one of the seniors said: "We shall leave you alone once more. Do your duty! Your suicide shall be attributed to a disappointment in love, or whatever you like. If you wish it we'll take a letter from you to the General."

X. merely replied, "I'll be damned if I do!"

His last chance was gone. The General was immediately informed of the circumstance and the offender. What makes the whole business inexpressibly sad is that the culprit is the son of a brave old major, now on half pay, who had both his arms carried away by a cannon ball while charging at the head of his battalion before Sebastopol. There seems every reason to suspect that this is another case of kleptomania. On examining the tranks of the prisoner there were found concealed in them books belonging to the Public Library and stamped with its seal. During the two years of his residence X., is supposed to have stolen about $1,200 in money from his comrades.

We may smile if we will at the idea of the thoughtful consideration displayed by those boys in providing their comrade with so varied an assortment of the means of self-destruction, but it recalls an incident in the life of another soldier, in which no comic element was blended with the tragic. A famous Prussian General, affectionately called "Papa" by the whole army, once had a son who disgraced his name. The father first "paid him out" of the scrape so well that the world would scarcely have heard of the affair. But the father was not satisfied. He called his son into his room and pointed to a pistol that lay on table. "There is but one course before you," he said. The young man who had not yet fallen to the lowest depth, took up the pistol and blew out his brains. His father never mentioned his name again. Such is the world.

Cremation in Augusta.

A DEAD BODY BURNED IN THE PUBLIC STREETS.

[From the Augusta Constitutionalist, Nov. 6.]

There is in this city a society called "The Oriental Order of Humility," and it has for its motto "Humilitate Crescit Honos." It is secret in its workings and from the rapidity with which it has gained members since its organization a few months ago, its object must be a grand one. Many of the best citizens of the place are members.

No one outside of the association, of course, knows the exact objects, but so far as we can learn, one of the obligations is that every member is to be cremated (consumed by fire,) instead of buried at his death. The society has been working quietly here for some time, creating but little notice, until in our columns there appeared the following dispatch;

ATLANTA, GA., Nov. 3.—Col. Wm. R. Suppus died suddenly here to-day. He was a prominent member of the Oriental Order of Humility, and by his own request his body was forwarded to Augusta to-night for cremation by the Order of that city. The ceremonies at the depot here were peculiar, nothing like them ever before witnessed.

At first many of the citizens were disposed to regard the thing as a hoax, but later in the day crape was seen upon the door of Pythagora Hut No. 21, the place of meeting of the Order, and it was evident from the unusual movement upon the part of many that something peculiar was going on. Different committees were seen busily engaged in making arrangement for what at first no one was disposed to credit. Application was made to the Mayor for permission to cremate a human body on Broad street. Think of it. The Mayor at first was startled, but upon being shown the original Will of Col. Suppus, in which it appeared that it was his desire therein expressed, to be cremated in the streets of Augusta, the Mayor gave his permission — Other items of the Will showed that Col. Suppus had left large sums of money to various charities in the State, and five thousand dollars to the Oriental Order here, but the will is to be contested. We learn that Col. Suppus first discovered this mysterious order in his travels in the far East and was one of the first to introduce it in America.

At nine o'clock last night, an immense crowd had gathered on Warren Block, in front of the Hut. Soon the members began to make their appearance, all dressed in the mourning regalia of the order, black gowns, hood and mask. Each member also had a light or flambeau.

The line of march was from the hut to Broad, thence up to Campbell, thence to Greene, down Greene to Monument, Monument to Broad thence to Jackson and back to the front of the Central Hotel where the funeral pile was erected.

Reaching this, the coffin, a handsome rosewood, upon which was engraved upon a silver plate,

WILLIAM R. SUPPUS.

AGED 42.

Died November 4th, 1876.

was placed upon the pile, and the Order was then gathered in a circle, solemn, grand and peculiar, around the deceased brother. After the singular prayer of the Order had been delivered by the Junior Friar, the torch was solemnly and deliberately applied to the pile, and at once the flames in forked tongues leaped upwards and upwards, until they seemed fairly to reach the clouds. The coffin was soon enveloped in flames and thousands of our citizens saw what had never been known here before—a human body consumed by fire—cremated. Balconies, windows, houstops, trees, awnings, to say nothing of the living mass that thronged the street, were crowded to witness the singular and mournful proceeding. While the fire was lapping in angry fury the lifeless body of this great man the Friar delivered in the peculiar language of the Order a most eloquent and touching oration. We have never in all our experience heard anything equal to it. We would give it in full, but it is just one of those things that can be appreciated only by hearing it delivered. Soon the coffin began to crumble, when a ghastly spectacle was presented to the eye. The body, blackened, burning, hissing, smoking, was clearly visible, and as the stifling odors filled the air, the cries of men, women and children could be heard on all sides. Many said horrible, horrible! others said surely he can never burn again; while others cried what a consolation to his widow to know that he hasn't got to lie in the cold, cold ground all alone. The fire lighted the heavens all over the central part of the city, and the entire proceeding from the beginning to the end, was one of the most ghastly as well as gloomily peculiar and interesting ceremonies, which has ever occurred in this city.

After the funeral fires had burned down, all that was mortal of W. R. Suppus was gathered in the urn by the "Most Worthy Keeper of the Sacred Relics," and the Society headed by the band playing the dirge specially written for the occasion, entitled "He has gone to his long, long home, uncooled by clay, unsoaked by water," returned to the Hut, where the ashes were deposited in the vault and the society dispersed. A large number of our citizens visited the Hut on yesterday, where the body was lying in state. We learn that Col. Suppus moved to Atlanta about two years ago, and was highly esteemed in that city as a man of morality, intelligence and singular liberality. He leaves a widow and seven small children, who are fortunately well provided for, but who are to become the "wardens of the society in Augusta." Such is the language of the will.

CALIFORNIA TREES.—The biggest tree in California is not in the Yosemite Valley. King's River Valley in Fresno county, is 5,000 feet above the sea, and its walls which are about three thousand feet high, are very precipitous. In this valley a new grove of colossal red-wood trees has been discovered on the Pacific coast. Its circumference, as high as a man can reach and pass a tape-line around, is a few inches less than a hundred and fifty feet. This is beyond the measurement of any tree in Calaveras grove. The height is estimated at 360 feet, and a part of the top lying on the ground is over 150 feet in length.

IS THERE DANGER?

CONCENTRATION OF REGULAR TROOPS AT WASHINGTON.

The Capitol to be Guarded.

[From the New York Herald, 20th inst.]

It was stated yesterday in certain well informed circles in this city, that it was a positive fact that the government is concentrating troops at the national capital. This assertion was made in face of the denials that have been uttered by leading officials at Washington as published yesterday. It was stated that twelve companies of heavy artillery are being concentrated at the arsenal in Washington at the east end of the Capitol. These troops are to be under the command of Brevet Major General Barry. Besides these companies it is understood that Captain Ramsey's light battery at Fort McHenry, is under orders to report at the Washington Arsenal, if it has not already gone there. Captain Ramsey is to have two additional guns to the six he had, and horses have been purchased for these extra guns. The three companies of artillery that were reported as coming East from Leavenworth and Omaha were stopped on their way Saturday night and were transferred to Washington via the Northern Pennsylvania Railroad.

The reason that it is exclusively heavy and light artillery that is being moved to Washington and concentrated there is that all of the infantry is either on the Plains or down South, the latter bodies of troops being at too great a distance to be brought up. The movements of these troops for the Washington garrison have been secret, and it is believed that their presence at the capital is not yet known to the residents outside of official circles. What they are needed for or what emergency is foreseen by the government is, of course, as yet unknown. It is surmised that the capitol building is to be strictly guarded for the present.

THE NEWS CONFIRMED FROM WASHINGTON—IS THERE A CONFEDERATE PLOT?

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19, 1876.—Rumors have been afloat here for several days that Washington was to be garrisoned by all the available troops which can be spared from the South and West. Several companies of artillery are *en route* from Leavenworth and other western points, and four companies have already arrived from South Carolina. In addition to this force sixteen companies of infantry are, it is said, to be brought here, and will be placed in garrison around the city. For what purpose this military movement is intended has not yet been definitely developed, as the matter has been conducted with secrecy, and nothing of the object will, it is believed, be disclosed until the undertaking, whatever may be its extent, shall have been further advanced. There is good reason, however, for saying that for some time past the propriety of having troops in this vicinity has been discussed by officials and others having the ear of the administration, and by whom the alarming representation was made—whether exaggerated or not is matter for future investigation—that the organizations in the Southern States known as rifle clubs aggregate some 263,000 members, officered, armed and drilled, who are ready at a moment's notice to respond to a signal of their leaders, to be given in furtherance of a plan agreed upon in connection with the pending Presidential complications.

IS THIS A CONFEDERATE PLOT?

The weakness of Washington in case of a surprise from inside or outside was also made conspicuous by the remark of an indiscreet partisan, an ex-Confederate officer, made a few days since in a conversation near the Interior Department, to the effect that he could, if he was so minded, slip into Washington during the night with 1,000 men and take possession of the principal departments, and at the same time capture the whole of the administration, President, Cabinet officers and all. He also said that since the late war people south knew all about the defences of Washington, what places were suitable for fortifications and exactly what resistance would be met in such a movement.

THE CABINET NOT APPREHENSIVE OF DANGER.

In view of the President's opinion that it would be unwise not to take all proper precaution, and to be prepared against any commotion or surprise, it is believed that the present movement to garrison Washington with troops is in accord with his sense of what is suggested by foresight and a regard for safety. It is felt that the capital should not be without some troops from this time until after the 4th of March. No serious apprehension is acknowledged on the part of the officials that there will be any violence or trouble; and they all profess to feel that everything will pass off quietly, and that a peaceful solution of any difficulty will be secured by President Grant in the steps he will take. When asked recently by an intimate friend, who is an officer in the navy, whether there was any likelihood that disturbances in the future would ensue from the angry feelings aroused in the settlement of the Presidential dispute, the President coolly but positively answered, "No; there might be if such a person as Buchanan was President." On another occasion he has said to one of the members of his cabinet, "If Governor Hayes shall be shown to be honestly elected, I will see that he is inaugurated." The members of the Cabinet say they are confident everything will pass off quietly, and feel assured that the administration will be fully able to maintain law, order and peace.

ARTILLERISTS WHO CAN ACT AS INFANTRY.

The force which arrived to-night comprises four companies of artillery, numbering in all about 250 men. Although artillerists these soldiers are drilled in infantry tactics, and have been doing service for some time as infantry. They are armed with the improved Springfield rifle. They remained in South Carolina until Friday night, when they returned to Fortress Monroe, and had hardly reached there last evening when they were ordered to Washington. The Norfolk steamer, Lady of the Lake, was intercepted on her way to Washington and detained until the four companies could be transferred to her decks. When this was accomplished, which was late last evening, she resumed her trip to Washington, arriving here about six o'clock this evening.

WHAT GENERAL SHERMAN SAYS OF IT.

As soon as possible after this arrival they reported to Gen. Sherman, and, in compliance with orders, marched three companies into the Arsenal, with its stores of war material, and the fourth to the Navy Yard, where it is now quartered in the marine barracks. No preparation has been made at either the Arsenal or the Navy Yard in the matter of extra accommodation, showing the suddenness of the order bringing them here.

THE ARSENAL AND NAVY YARD GARRISONED.

Gen. Sherman, when questioned about the arrival of troops in Washington said their coming had no important or special significance. It was usual to move troops about from station to station. Those which had come here would stay for awhile—indefinitely he might say. They were now quartered in barracks and would remain there until it was seen fit to send them elsewhere. "You know," he said, in concluding, "we have to look out for and take care of the public property and guard the arsenals—particularly the arsenals.

John Randolph's House and Idiosyncrasies.

John Randolph's old Roanoke plantation, says a correspondent of the Springfield *Republican*, is now owned by Judge Boulding of the Supreme Bench of Virginia. The residence is situated in an oak grove, with an exposure to the south and west, fronting and overlooking the valley. In 1810, when Randolph first came there to live, he called it "a savage solitude;" but he hardly ever wearied of his beautiful oaks. He allowed the underbush to grow at will, and never trimmed the trees. During his absence, once, the overseer cut away from a tree before his house a limb which brushed against a window. On his return he asked the reason, and being informed, replied, "Why didn't you move the house, sir?" The old English barons of feudal times were his ideals. His home, however, was a low cottage house, which has disappeared, though his summer residence near by is still standing. He drove in a coach-and-four where it was possible upon his numerous journeys. His slaves were always well treated. No grain was ever sold off Mr. Randolph's land. He always said that his blacks should raise what was needed on the plantation, but no more. Finally in his will he made provision for freeing them all, 300 in number. He had been unalterably opposed to the Missouri Compromise, by which the domain of slavery was restricted; he had upheld the divine right of slavery through evil report and good report, and yet in his will occur these words: "I give and bequeath to all my slaves their freedom, heartily regretting that I have ever been the owner of one." Further than this, he provided for the purchase of 4,000 acres of land, to be given to his freed slaves. Those who remember Mr. Randolph say that he never shaved. He had an extremely thin but very sweet and clear voice. Once, when in England, he made an engagement to dine with a certain nobleman, but subsequently receiving an invitation for the same time from Miss Edgeworth, the authoress, he accepted the latter, and afterwards apologized to the nobleman by saying: "The woman tempted me and I did eat."

The House Fly.

Professor Packard has an interesting article on this subject in *The Naturalist* from which we take the following paragraph:

If in its winged condition it is one of the most disagreeable features of dog-days, and people wonder why flies were ever made at all, it should be remembered that flies have an infancy as maggots, and the loathesome life they lead as scavengers cleanses and purifies the August air, and lowers the death-rate of our cities and towns. Thus while stables and piggeries and filth are tolerated by city and town authorities, the young of the house-fly, the flesh-fly and blow-fly, with their thousand allies, are doing something toward purifying the pestilential air, and averting the summer brood of cholera, dysentery, diphtheria, typhus and typhoid fevers, which descend like harpies upon the devoted cities and towns. It may be regarded as an axiom that when flies most abound then filth, death-dealing and baleful, is most abundant, and filth diseases such as we have named most do congregate. * * * The life of the house-fly may be summed up as follows: It lives one day in the egg state, from five days to a week as a maggot, from five to seven days in the pupa state, in all from ten to fourteen in the month of August,—before the winged adult period. It is often asked how long-lived a fly is. Most of the flies which are born in August live for a month or six weeks, and die at the coming of frost, either of cold, or the attacks of fungoid plants. A few probably winter over and survive until midsummer, and thus maintain the existence of this useful species, to which civilized man owes more than he can readily estimate, and with which he can dispense only when the health of our cities and towns is looked after with far greater vigilance and intelligence than is perhaps likely to be the case for several centuries to come.

Oatmeal in the Household.

In Great Britain children of all ranks are raised on an oatmeal diet alone because it causes them to grow strong and healthful, and no better food can possibly be found for them. It is also quite as desirable for the student as for the laborer, and for the delicate lady and for her hard-working sister; indeed, all classes would be greatly benefited by its use, and dyspepsia, with all its manifold annoyances, can be kept at a distance. Oatmeal is more substantial food, it is said, than veal, pork or lamb, and quite equal to beef and mutton, giving as much or more mental vigor, while its great desideratum consists in one's not becoming weary of it for it is as welcome for breakfast or tea as is wheat or Graham bread. It can be eaten with syrup and butter as hasty pudding, or with cream and sugar like rice. It is especially good for young mothers upon whose nervous forces too great a demand has been made, and they lose the equilibrium of the spirit and become depressed and dispirited. Oatmeal requires to be cooked slowly, and the water should be boiling hot when it is stirred in.

GENERAL NEWS.

ATTEMPT TO STEAL PRESIDENT LINCOLN'S BODY.—A dispatch from Springfield, Illinois, dated November 7, says: "A most daring attempt was made this evening by several scoundrels to break into the vault of the Lincoln Monument of this place, and steal therefrom the remains of the dead President. Some weeks ago it was suspected that designs of this kind were premeditated, and a strict and constant watch has been kept. It was thought most likely that to-night being election night, and everybody busy over election matters, would be selected for the job. Elmer Washburn, late Chief of the Secret Service, and United States Detective Tyrrell, with several assistants, were accordingly secreted in the reception-room of the monument during the afternoon and evening. At nine o'clock to-night the attempt was made, the vault was entered, the sarcophagus was opened, and the burial case drawn out, when the detectives sprang out, and by the accidental discharge of a revolver the monsters were frightened and fled into the shrubbery. They are now being pursued, and although there is but a slight clue to their identity they will doubtless be taken. The design was a deeply laid plan by sharp men to arrange for a ransom." The body of President Lincoln was carefully embalmed.

Later dispatches state that the authorities were made aware of the scheme to steal the body of President Lincoln by a conversation overheard as long ago as last June. Since that time Mr. Robert Lincoln and Hon. Leonard Swett, of Chicago, have been constantly on the alert, and by means of several fortuitous circumstances were able to prevent the outrage. It is also stated that Captain P. D. Tyrrell, of the United States Secret Service, to whom the working up of the case had been confided by the immediate personal friends of the late President, had traced out the entire plot. He knew the hour the attempt was to be made, and the night previous he came from Chicago to Springfield in the same car with the conspirators, shadowing them constantly up to the evening of the 7th, when the attempt at accomplishing the sacrilege was made. The names of the parties engaged are withheld by the officers, who say they can be had when wanted, but they are alleged to be among the shrewdest managers of gigantic crimes in this country, and their object is to extort a large reward for the restoration of the body.

Since the above, the two men who attempted to steal the remains of President Lincoln were arrested.

END OF THE SIOUX WAR.—General Sheridan has telegraphed to General Sherman confirming the recent reports of the surrender of large bands of Sioux and the escape of Sitting Bull with only thirty lodges of warriors. Gen. Sherman has made a reply in which he says:

"I congratulate you and all concerned on the prospect of closing this Sioux war at this critical point. General Miles has displayed his usual earnestness and bravery, and I hope he will crown his success by capturing or killing Sitting Bull and his remnant of outlaws. I infer that General Hazen has reached Fort Peck, and it may be that his presence there will assist Gen. Miles materially in his pursuit. Should General Crook be as successful with Crazy Horse, and if we could collect all the Sioux on the Missouri river as near Fort Randall as possible, disarmed and dismounted, it would reduce itself to a simple question of feeding them till they learn to raise some food for themselves. Meantime miners and settlers will fill up north of Laramie and about the Black Hills, so that these troublesome Indians would be hemmed in and would gradually become like those in Minnesota.

A NEW USE FOR TURKEY-BUZZARDS.—The Panama *Star* tells of a young man living in Carthagena, who for seven years had suffered from an attack of elephantiasis. He was in the last period of this terrible disease—his body full of ulcers, and his fingers ready to drop off—when a Carracas paper fell into his hands, announcing that the flesh of the turkey-buzzard had been found to be a certain remedy in Cuba. He has since been living on the flesh of this "unclean bird" for two months, and was reported almost well. The nails and the hair have been reproduced. The ulcers and protuberances have disappeared. The voice has returned; he sleeps well, and enjoys a good appetite; in fact, so well as to astonish his friends and the medical men of the city. The flesh of the Gallinazo has a strong, musky odor, and requires a good deal of resolution to eat it. This repugnance, however, soon wears off, and the benefit is felt from the first day of using it.

A NATIONAL CAT SHOW.—The eighth national cat show was opened on October 20 at the Crystal Palace, London. There were 308 cats on exhibition. Some were arrayed in white gray and silver dresses, and some had coats of wire that emitted phosphoric sparks when the fur was rubbed the wrong way. One of the exhibitors set a value of £25,000 on "Little Brownie," a short-haired tabby, aged three years. This highly esteemed little puss was described in the catalogue as being of thoroughbred descent from cats in the possession of the owner and her father for nearly thirty years, and a tabulated pedigree for seven generations, framed and glazed, was affixed to the sales' office in the palace. Notwithstanding the feats of Little Brownie, who was reported to be a famous rat-catcher, having on many occasions dispatched five rats in a minute, the judges awarded in this class the first prize to another cat, which the owner valued at the more modest figure of £4.

Between 17,000 and 20,000 alligator skins are tanned yearly, which are consumed by the boot and shoe manufacturers in every portion of the United States, as well as exported to London and Hamburg. The alligators formerly came almost entirely from Louisiana, and New Orleans was the great centre of the business. The Florida swamps and morasses are now the harvest fields, and Jacksonville, in that State, the great depot. The alligators often attain a length of eighteen to twenty feet, and frequently live to a very old age. The hides are stripped off and the belly and sides, the only portions fit for use, are packed in barrels, in strong brine, and shipped to the northern tanner, who keeps them under treatment for from six to eight months, when they are ready to be cut up. So far the leather has been mainly used in the manufacture of boots and shoes, but handsome slippers are also made of it.

The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY. NOVEMBER 30, 1876.

This week we give our readers over twenty *columns of reading matter.*

THE CONTESTED STATES.—The article in another column, under the above head, is important. There are evident signs of rascality in the proceedings of the Returning Boards, according to our reading.

It looked a little brighter Monday.

In South Carolina the Supreme Court fined the Board of Canvassers $1,500 for contempt and has committed them to jail, and has notified U. S. District Attorney to show why he should not be similarly punished.

In Florida the Democrats have gained their point in insisting upon a canvass of the votes. Five from each party are to be admitted.

In Louisiana matters and things look ugly.

Defective Returns.

The committee of the joint session of the General Assembly to examine election returns for State officers voted for at the recent election, find those of the following counties to be defective:

In Jackson county 288 votes were cast for "Thomas M. Suttle."

Columbus county returns, 764 votes were cast for W. A. Smith for Attorney-General.

In Bertie county the Sheriff returns show nothing but the surnames of candidates voted for.

In Forsyth county the returns are the same as in Bertie.

Surry county show Hargrove and Kenan to have been voted for as Auditor. Reilly and Love as Superintendent of Public Instruction, and Carson and Scarborough as Attorney-General.

In Warren county Joseph W. Engelhart was voted for as Secretary of State.

Moore county gave 1,360 votes cast for Samuel M. Love for Auditor.

Randolph county returns show nothing but surnames of any candidates save the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor.

Pender county same as above, and Engelhart was voted for as Secretary of State.

Tyrrell county gives only the surnames of candidates voted.

In Edgecombe county Englehard was voted for as Secretary of State.

Yancey county returns show Thomas A. Jarvis and W. A. Wheeler voted for instead of Thomas J. Jarvis and W. H. Wheeler.

Perquimans county omitted to give initial to the candidates' names.

Ashe, Cherokee, Dare, Halifax, Madison and Swain have not as yet made any returns.—*Observer.*

The New York Herald on the Situation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The New York *Herald* closes a long editorial thus:

"The Republican party is not made up of rogues and Tomb's lawyers. It contains a great mass of honest, honorable, patriotic men, and these will not tolerate what would make them hang their heads in shame. They will not allow their leaders to resort to trickery, to base devices, to doubtful means to count in their candidates. Already the Republican opinon of the proceedings in the disputed States is such that it has become almost impossible recently to count in Gov. Hayes. Already the wisest Republicans say in conversation that for the sake of their party they hope for Mr. Tilden's return. As yet the honest Republican masses are waiting in silence but with decreasing patience. But any further appearance of trickery; any continuation of these attempts in the disputed States to take advantage of shallow legal technicalities, to resort to underhand and unworthy means such as the recent hearing of testimony charging intimidation, on which the Louisiana returning board has, it is said, determined, will give voice to the smothered indignation of the Republican party, who cannot stand silent and see themselves and the good fame of their party sold into disgrace."

Tweed's Condition.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—A gentleman who saw Tweed says he is not in good health. He has lost twenty pounds in flesh. He has lost his old warlike and defiant look, and seems nervous and apprehensive. One would hardly recognize the unfortunate gentleman.

Lawyers say, regarding Tweed's situation, that he would be obliged, in order to obtain his liberty, to furnish bail in $3,000,000. He then could be immediately rearrested and required to give bail in $7,000,000, with sureties justifying in $14,000,000, in consequence of the judgment obtained against him in the civil suit.—He could also be held in $1,000,000 bail in another suit. The appeal from the judgment in the civil suit is now pending in the courts.—There are now twenty-six indictments hanging over Tweed, including three of forgery and several others for procuring forgery.

State Legislature.

On Tuesday in the Senate, Harry Brock of Wilmington was elected doorkeeper, and James Roach of Rockingham, Assistant Doorkeeper. Col. J. McLeod Turner was elected Engrossing Clerk.

Bills to repeal the Usury Law, and in relation to the public debt were introduced and referred.

In the House the bill allowing the Sheriffs till January to collect taxes was postponed till Monday.

On Wednesday the per diem bill passed both Houses: It allows the Speakers $6 per day; Clerks $5; all other officers and members $4; and 10 cents mileage. Nothing else of much interest.

On Thursday, in Senate, the bill of Mr. Mebane in relation to the public debt, requiring the Treasurer to report to what extent there has been a compliance with the proposition of the creditors in regard to the act to settle the State debt, was passed, engrossed, and sent to the House.

In the House, a bill to repeal the Usury Law was introduced and referred to the Judiciary Committee.

A bill to regulate the state of interest was introduced and referred to the Committee on Finance.

The bill to extend the time for the registration of deeds and other conveyance, was taken up and passed.

On Friday, in Senate, the standing committees were appointed.

A bill was passed, providing that all the returns of elections after being published shall be filed in the office of Secretary of State.

A bill was passed placing a penalty upon sheriffs for making improper returns. Also a bill validating all election returns without the County seals was passed.

In the House a bill was introduced to fix the standard height of lawful fences at 4 instead of 5 feet. Calendar.

By Mr. King, of Stokes, a bill for the relief of Sheriff Gentry.

The bill introduced by Mr. Lineback, of Forsyth exempting from taxation $300 worth of personal property. Referred to Financial Committee.

Bill for relief of Sheiffs referred to Judiciary Com.

Saturday, in Senate, message from the House concurring in the Senate amendment to validate certain election returns. A bill to repeal act relating to sale of State bonds, introduced. Bill punishing all Sheriffs for making improper election returns.

In the House the bill to prohibit sale of liquor within 2 miles of Jerusalem, Liberty, Concord and Cherry Hill Churches, Davie county, passed and is now a law. The bill making ten hours a legal day's work was referred to Judiciary committee.

On Monday, in Senate, a bill was introduced by Mr. Wilson, to incorporate the Board of Elders of the Southern Province of the Moravian Church or Unitas Fratrum. Referred to Com. on Corporations

In the House the resolution of thanks to the President for the part he acted relative to the count of the votes in South Carolina, was indefinately postponed.

THE PRESIDENCY.

A PERILOUS TIME.

An Inauguration of Two Presidents Threatened —A Recognition of Hayes by the Senate and of Tilden by the House as President Possible.

[From a staff correspondent of the Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—* * * * The danger is not of a wrangle in Congress over the electoral vote, of an effort to hinder the announcement of the result, or of an attempt to resist the inauguration of a President. It is a double inauguration that Americans have to fear, and two Presidents, each claiming to be properly installed in office, each backed by a show of legal and constitutional authority—one supported by the Senate and the other by the House. How can such a phenomenon arise? Much more easily than many of the contingencies that have been discussed as likely to grow out of the situation.

Let us suppose the doubtful result in Florida and Louisiana to be converted by the returning boards of these States into a Republican victory, against the protests of the Democrats. The Electoral Colleges assemble, and the result is 185 votes for Hayes and 184 for Tilden. The Republicans fortify themselves with evidence sustaining the legality of the action of the boards, and the Democrats gather testimony to show that such action was partisan and fraudulent. Matters drift along until the day fixed for opening and counting the returns in joint convention of the two houses. The Democrats then object to counting the votes of those States, but the President of the Senate, using his powers as chairman of the joint convention, refuses to consider the objection, orders them to be counted, and announces the election of Hays. As soon as the convention dissolves the House passes a resolution declaring that owing to its objection to the counting of the votes of Louisiana and Florida those votes were not legally counted, that no election has taken place, and that it is the duty of the House to elect a President.—The following clause in the Constitution is cited:

"The person having the greatest number of votes for President shall be President, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person has such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three, on the list of those voted for as President, the House of Representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the President."

Acting under this clause, the House elects Samuel J. Tilden. On the 4th of March the Republicans inaugurate Rutherford Hayes with the customary ceremonies, under the protection of the army, and at the same time the Democrats inaugurate Samuel J. Tilden without ceremony, probably not in Washington, and by mere administration of the oath. No formal inauguration is essential to clothe a President with all the powers of his office. The Senate has already been summoned to meet in executive session by President Grant before his term expired; Tilden calls Congress together in extra session. The Democratic House responds and recognizes him as President. The Senate sustains Hayes. Both issue orders to the army and navy; each calls upon the Governors of the States to support him as the lawful Chief Magistrate.

Here are all the conditions of a civil war far more terrible than the one we have passed through, because it would not be a war of sections, but of parties. This horrible spectre is not a creation of a heated imagination. The position the two political parties are now assuming leads logically, if persisted in, to the exact results I have described. The only escape from disastrous consequences would be for the people to refuse to second the politicians, and exclaiming, like Mercutio, "A plague on both yours houses!" insist upon some arrangement that would insure the preservation of the public peace.

OHIO AROUSED.

The Plot Shall Not Succeed—A Conference on the Subject.

[Special Dispatch to Baltimore Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, Nov. 17.—The Democracy of Ohio are determined to enter a vigorous protest against all attempts to count Governor Tilden out of any of the States to which he is legitimately entitled. The following call has been issued to the Democrats of Ohio:

"Nearly two weeks have elapsed since the Presidential election. The grave events that have transpired within that time make it evident to all that an attempt is being made to defeat the will of the people in their choice of Chief Executive. Certain irresponsible men in power in the Southern State governments have conspired with Northern politicians to keep by fraud what they lost by ballot. It is a time when the existence of the Republic is imperilled. We have thought it expedient to call a meeting of the Democratic State Central Committee on Wednesday, November 22, to take into consideration the duties of the hour. All good citizens who have the peace, prosperity and welfare of their country at heart are invited to participate in the deliberations."

Museum at the University.

Kemp P. Battle Esq., President of the State University, has issued a pamphlet of instructions to the people of the State who are willing to contribute towards a Museum for the University. The pamphet says:

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA,
CHAPEL HILL, N. C. Nov. 20th, 1876.

Directions for skinning birds, collecting and preserving insects, plants, reptiles, minerals, &c., have been prepared by W. H. Smith, Professor of Natural History in the University and printed for the use use of those who are willing to aid in equipping the Museum of the University. A handsome hall has been set apart for the Museum, and we earnestly request the friends of the Institution to co-operate with us in filling it with samples showing the wonderful resources of the State. We want animals, plants, minerals, ores, soils, and whatever else, natural or artificial, which will illustrate those resources and be useful for teaching our students.

Our friends should not be afraid of sending us too many things. Surplus specimens can be exchanged with other museums. We have already received offers to furnish us with the products of the West, South America and the Old World in exchange for those of North Carolina, and we feel sure that at no distant day we will have a Museum which the people of the State will visit with pride and from which they will derive substantial benefit.

The pamphlet can be had on application to Prof. W. H. SMITH, Chapel Hill, N. C.

Latest News.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—A private conference took place to-night in the White House between the President, Secretary Cameron, Attorney-General Taft, and General Sherman. The conference lasted a considerable time, and all those who participated in it were extremely reticent as to what took place. It is understood, however, that the subject under consideration was the situation of affairs in South Carolina and the course to be pursued in the contingency of opposing State officers and Legislature. It is anticipated that the decision is to afford the same national assistance to Chamberlain as to Kellogg, and that troops will be posted at the State-house in Columbia to prevent the entrance of any but those holding the certificates of the returning board.

MILITARY ORDERS FROM THE PRESIDENT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—The following was sent from this city, to-night:

Washington, Nov. 26.—Col. Thomas H. Ruger, or Col. H. M. Black, Columbia, S. C.: The following has been received from the President:

Executive Mansion, Nov. 26. 1876.—Hon. J. D. Cameron, Secretary of War: Sir,—D. H. Chamberlain is now Governor of South Carolina beyond all controversy, and remains so until a new Governor shall be duly and legally inaugurated. Under the Constitution the Government has been called upon to aid with the military and naval forces of the United States to maintain republican government in the State against resistance too formidable to be overcome by the State authorities.

You are directed, therefore, to sustain Gov. Chamberlain in his authority against domestic violence until otherwise ordered.

U. S. GRANT.

In obeying these instructions you will advise with the Governor and dispose your troops in such manner as may be deemed best in order to carry out the spirit of the above order of the President. Acknowledge receipt.

J. D. CAMERON,
Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 27.—Chamberlain's request to Grant came late yesterday. Grant called Gen. Sherman and other military men to a council, which was continued at the White House till nearly midnight.

Secretary Cameron replied to the question as to whether there is anything startling: "Oh no. Nothing particularly startling, only that Gov. Chamberlain has made a special request for a certain disposition of troops, and the orders have been given.

The President's advisers in the conference were Cameron, Sherman, Meigs, Barnard and Van Vliet. The movement, though possibly suggested by Chamberlain for other purposes, is intendad to suppress turbulence.

A New York Herald dispatch from Columbia, says: Judge Bond has told ex-United States Senator Chestnut, Judge Bacon, and others that he has no idea of interfering, that he is here one week before his court meets solely for the purpose of examining into the business to come before him, and without any other object whatever.

The *Times'* Columbia dispatch says: Enough Republicans will absent themselves to give the organization of the lower House of the Legislature to the Democrats.

United States Judge Bond writes: "The canvassing board have never been advised by me. No one has ever applied to the Federal Court of this district. If any person does so apply, and there is a statute for it he shall have relief. If there be no statute he must seek his remedy elsewhere.

Oregon.

SAN FRANCISCO, Gov. Grover, of Oregon refuses to issue his certificate of election as presidential elector to Mr. Watts, the Republican candidate, upon the ground that he was disqualified to hold the office by being a postmaster. He will give the certificate to the Democratic elector, Coghlan.

United States District Attorney Latimer, of this State, has gone to Oregon to direct the Republican opposition to the action of the governor.

ROBBIN'S MAJORITY.—Last week the Sheriffs of Alexander, Ashe, Alleghany, Davie, Rowan, Iredell, Wilkes, Yadkin and Forsyth, met at Wilkesboro and counted the votes for Representative from this Congressional District from which it appears that Hon. Wm. M. Robbins is elected by a majority of 4,075 votes.

Mr. Robbins conducted the campaign admirably; he made a thorough canvass, and dealt Radicalism heavy blows to the admiration and delight of a patriotic people, who will always support him whenever he is a candidate for their suffrages.

THE OBSERVER.—We are in regular receipt of that very ably conducted new candidate for public favor, *The Observer*, published in Raleigh, by P. M. Hale & W. L. Saunders. As noticed last week, both gentlemen are well known as journalists, and the *Observer* is a first class paper.

The New York correspondent of the *Observer*, remarks:

"In the mean time the state of things is having a depressing effect upon business of all kinds. It has just been mentioned to me that the "drummer" of a neighboring shoe-house has returned from his customary trip South without having obtained a solitary order."

The Contested States.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 22.—Noon.—The Supreme Court has issued a writ of peremptory mandamus to the Board of Canvassers, requiring them to give certificates of election according to the report made yesterday. This gives the democrats *prima facie* a majority in the House and fifteen of the thirty-two senators. Notwithstanding the order of the court, the canvassing board issued certificates to all the members of the Legislature, except for Laurens and Edgefield counties, thus securing a majority of the Legislature to the republicans, and securing the defeat of Hampton and the election of Chamberlain, and also issued certificates of election to the Hayes and Wheeler electors, and to all the republican state ticket. The board then adjourned.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 25.—The Supreme Court has just entered a judgment of $1500 fine each and the commitment of all of the members of the board of canvassers to jail until released by order of the court. The court is now proceeding with the case against U. S. District Attorney Corbin, counsel for the board, for contempt. Considerable suppressed excitement prevails.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 25.—District Attorney General Corbin, counsel for the Board of Canvassers, disclaimed intentional contempt and asked the indulgence of the Court till Monday. The Court is now occupied with argument on the electoral vote.

SECOND DISPATCH.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 25.—The Supreme Court this afternoon took the order under advisement requiring the Board of State Canvassers to make a comparison of the returns of the precinct managers in the cases of presidential electors, and will render a decision Monday. The Court declined to issue an order giving the certificates to members of the Legislature from Edgefield and Laurens counties, refused by the board, but stated that such members could obtain a copy of the record from the clerk of the court which would be equivalent to a certificate.

The five members of the Board of Canvassers who were constructively arrested this morning reported at the jail this evening, where they are now confined. Their names are: F. L. Cardozo, treasurer; T. C. Dunn, controller; Gen. Wm. Stone, attorney-general; H. E. Hayne, Secretary of State; and H. W. Purvis, ex-adjutant and inspector-general, comprising the Board of Canvassers.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 25.—Seven polls are found to be missing from the returns before the board, out of fourteen in East Baton Rouge, leaving the count before the board: Tilden, 1,102; Hayes, 1,477: instead of Tilden; 2,238; Hayes, 1,632, as ascertained from the returns to the commissioners. After much discussion and bitter complaint from the Democrats, East Baton Rouge was laid aside.

The returns from fourteen parishes are still missing. St. Martin's parish is finished.

The Democrats remonstrate that the returns for all but electors and Governor are examined and tabulated by clerks in rooms apart from the Board. They ask for a Democratic representative on the clerical force to detect errors and frauds.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 25.—The board met to-day with the usual attendance. Ex-Gov. Wells said he must dispense with the reading of any protests or motions before the board; that all evidence must be in before the close of the coming week or the Board would not be able to get through with its deliberations. He also said the Board had taken no action on filling the vacancy. He intimated that the Democrats had lost all claim to representation on the Board by Mr. Arroyos' resignation. He said the Board would try to fill the vacancy if they could agree on any one.

With regard to the returns laying in the express office, Ex-Gov. Wells said the Board had no funds to pay the charges, the Legislature having failed to make an appropriation. The members of the board were unwilling to risk their own means when their warrants were thirty cents on the dollar.

Col. Zacharie said the Democratic committee would defray the expenses.

Gov. Wickliffe remarked that the charges only amounted to seventy-five cents.

Col. Zacharie having offered to furnish the clerk with means to pay the expenses the Board mildly consented to the returns being taken out of the express-office.

The Board reached no conclusion relative to using certified duplicates of returns.

Ex-Gov. Wells stated that the privilege of cross interrogation would be allowed, but the proceedings of the Board could not be obstructed under any consideration. He said further, that notice would be taken of the affidavits presented by both sides, but adhered to the ruling that affidavits should have been filed within ten days of the making up of the returns.

Mr. Gathreaux asked if the protest would be entertained after the returns had been sent to the clerk for compilation.

Ex-Gov. Wells answered in the negative and said that in the case of Natchitoches the supplemental report had come in with the returns but had been overlooked.

Considerable discussion ensued on the question of how long a time would be given for filing affidavits after the case came up, Col. Zacharie urging that a great pile of affidavits, etc., had been filed in the East Baton Rouge case Saturday morning. Col. Zacharie desired to know if there was not some limit to this filing of affidavits, otherwise the Democrats would be unable to tell when the testimony for the other side was all in.

Gov. Wells made no definite answer, only that time would be given to get up the testimony and cross-interrogatories.

Gen. Anderson read a letter from Gov. McEnery requesting a correction of the statement that he had voted for the Wilde-Janney claim. He said he had done the gentleman an injustice, and read from the *Sentinel-Journal* of 1876 a statement that Gov. McEnery had voted against the claim.

The Board then went into executive session and took up the parish of West Feliciana.

PALPABLE FRAUD DISCOVERED—THE REPUBLICANS NONPLUSSED.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 25.—In the executive session the returning board called for returns, and announced the following votes from consolidated statements: De Soto, Hayes, 898, Tilden, 1305; Ouachita, Hayes, 793, Tilden, 1869; Lincoln, Hayes, 331, Tilden, 1064; East Feliciana, Hayes, 0, Tilden, 1737; West Feliciana, Hayes, 778, Tilden, 1249; Richland, Hayes, 277, Tilden, 970; Caddaho, Hayes, 2687, Tilden, 1654; Sabine, Hayes, 23, Tilden, 906. The votes of these parishes were not canvassed, there being contests which are fixed for hearing next week.

When the returns from the parishes marked "contested" were opened the Democratic counsel were allowed to be present. The returns from De Soto parish were brought in and were contained in one package sealed with wax. When the seal was broken by a member of the board there were found inside a consolidated statement of votes, the commissioners' statements, and the tally sheets. Attached to returns were a large number of protests and affidavits. The secretary of the board said the package had been received on the 18th inst., and such an entry was in his receipt book. The returns, he said, had come by mail. In the course of the inspection it was discovered that one of the protests of the supervisors, charging general intimidation, was dated "November 25th," and sworn to in this city before a commissioner of the Circuit Court.

When called upon to explain how a protest dated on the 25th inst. (to-day) could get into a sealed registered package received by mail on the 18th inst, the secretary said he had received two packages. He was detected by one of the Democratic counsel present in the act of making another entry in his book of two packages. After some delay another package was produced and found to contain a consolidated statement of votes and commissioners' returns, but no protests or affidavits.

The members of the board were unable to explain the matter, and Senator Ackerman, of the Republican visiting committee, remarked that there was no use to disguise the fact that the returns had been opened and protests inserted after the package of returns had been received.

The affair created quite an excitement among the members of the committee present. The members of the committee were outspoken in the opinion that a fraud had been perpetrated, and the Republicans did not deny that the affair had a very peculiar aspect. The Democratic counsel say that a similar thing has occurred in the case of other parishes, but as they were not admitted until to-day there was not an opportunity to discover the frauds.

FLORIDA.

TALLAHASSIE, Nov. 25.—The Board of Canvassers received notification this morning frsm the Secretary of State, who is *ex-officio* a member of the Board and charged with calling it together, that they meet at 12 o'clock, M., Monday, to canvass the vote of the State. The judge has not yet decided the injunction and *mandamus* cases before him, and this action of the Board seems to obviate the necessity of a decision as this will be doing precisely what the Democratic managers prayed the court to command to be done. The board will admit a committee of five from each political party and the chairmen of the two State committees to its deliberations. The decision as to the admission of newspaper correspondents has not yet been rendered. The official returns are now all in, but the result will hardly be reached before the 6th of December, when by law of the United States the electors' certificates must be issued.

News of the Week.

STATE NEWS.

INSANITY OF PROF. JAMES H. HORNER.—The people of our whole State will hear with sorrow that Prof. James H. Horner, one of the most distinguished educators of North Carolina, was brought to this city by his brother, and committed to the Insane Asylum. He had been showing symptoms of insanity for six months past, and his constant dread seemed to be that he might be taken to the Asylum. One day last week he took a powerful dose of arsenic and laudanum, then called his daughter into the room, told her what he had done and begged that no inquest should be held over his body. A physician was speedily summoned and administered antidotes which saved his life. He is reduced almost to a skeleton, and scarcely speaks to anybody. It is feared that he is hopelessly deranged. He was for many years the principal of Harner's famous school at Oxford; and in connection with R. H. Graves, had charge for some time of the Hillsboro Military Academy; but had recently returned to Oxford and re-opened his school there. It is a singular double coincidence that Prof. Horner once taught Dr. Eugene Grissom, the Superintendent of the Asylum to which he has just been committed; and that his own instructor, and afterward great rival teacher, the eminent Wm. Bingham, also became insane and died in the same Asylum.—*Raleigh Sentinel.*

SALE OF THE FERRIS MINE.—We learn that the famous mining property near this city, known as the Ferris Mine, has been purchased by Mr. H. H. Crumlish, of Wilmington, Delaware. We are gratified to see that the rich mines of the State are beginning to attract the attention of northern capitalists, who have the enterprise and means to develop them, and to show what the mineral resources of the State are. The gold producing qualities of the mines in this section of the State are known and acknowledged among us, but owing to the fact that they are not worked except on a very small scale, there is a feeling abroad that they cannot be made to pay. The only way to correct this impression is by doing everything in our power to induce capitalists to make experiments and the mines will tell their own tale. We are informed by Dr. McCombs, formerly one of the owners, that the ore recently obtained from the mine has been made to produce from $300 to $500 per ton.—*Charlotte Observer.*

VISIT OF JAPANESE TO RALEIGH.—Three gentlemen from the Japanese government, with names more terrific than a bombshell, respectively, Fugi Maro Taraka, Faigo Ake, and Tarptara Megata, have recently visited Raleigh, with a view to introducing the valuable features of our schools into their own system of education. These gentlemen were well dressed and well polished in manner and speech, and with the exception of having their heads sand papered, looked like any other men. In a conversatien with President Hobgood, of the Baptist female college, the Japanese told him that the annual appropriation of their school fund was five million dollars, and that the schools are kept open nine months in the year. Last year a college for females was oppened at Jeddo, the capital of Japan, under the patronage of the Empress. They visited the Baptist seminary and were shown the appliances for teaching and conducted through all the departments of the school.—*Raleigh Sentinel.*

AN ATTEMPT TO CIRCULATE SPURIOUS MONEY.—We are informed that two bummers belonging to John Robinson's circus, have been in the city and county ever since the circus was here, engaged in buying up the old Bank of Mecklenburg money for the purpose of passing it off on ignorant and uninformed persons as perfectly good. By misrepresenting their object in buying up the money, many unsuspicious persons are induced to dispose of what they have on hand for almost nothing. It is a well known fact, that traveling circuses are among the most efficient agencies known, in circulating counterfeit money by giving it in change for good money, and it is more than likely that this is the plan by which these rascals intend to dispose of this. People, and especially those who live in the country, cannot be too particular in scrutinizing all bills which come into their possession. Verily circuses are nuisances.—*Charlotte Observer.*

REMARKABLE ESCAPE.—On the night of the 6th of November, Mr. L. S. Hill, aged 65 years, fell into an old ore shaft, 100 feet deep, near King's Mountain. It was covered over with brush, which broke with his weight. He fell 15 feet headforemost, and struck with his shoulder on a sloping log which had been caught in the shaft. He had the presence of mind to catch with his hands and work himself up and get a-straddle. He then crawled up to the side of the shaft and took out his knife to cut steps and thus to climb up. But his knife fell out of his hand. He fell in about 7 o'clock on the night of the 6th, and was hauled out by Cephas Spencer, colored, at 4 o'clock next morning. There was a negro cabin not far off and the negroes heard his cries all night. But two negroes had been killed in the shaft some years ago and the popular belief among the darkies is that the pit is haunted. The negroes in the cabin thought that the cries came from the ghosts of the men who had been killed long ago. Mr. H. had been detained, like Tam O'Shanter, by bold John Barleycorn, otherwise he would have passed the shaft in the daylight. These facts we got from Mr. Rankin Falls.—*Charlotte Southern Home.*

Speaking of the Western Insane Asylum, located at Morganton, the Raleigh *News* says the work is progressing very satisfactorily. Two and a half millions of brick have been laid in the walls, at a cost of less than $9 per thousand for the brick, lime and the laying. The work is finely executed, and it will be an ornament to the State. The commissioners will soon present their report. The cost of the brick as laid is lower than ever paid on any public work in the State.

The Salisbury *Examiner* says that W. A. Coit, of New York, made himself very offensive to the people of that place by his opinions and manner of speech. He was arrested at the depot, Tuesday morning, by Sheriff Waggoner, upon the charge of slander, and required to give a bond of five thousand dollars for his appearance at our next Court.

Greensboro *Patriot:* We regret to learn that Col. John H. Dillard proposes returning to his farm in Rockingham county, within a few weeks. Our people will part with so estimable a citizen with much regret.

Dr. Worth, our Treasurer, elect will retain in office Donald W. Bain, Esq., who has made such an efficient officer in that department for some years past. A. D. Jenkins, who has been teller for the past eight years, will also be retained at least for the present.

Prof. Hubbard, of Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county, has accepted the Vice Presidency of Staunton (Va.) Female Seminary.

There are now 105 students at the University.

GENERAL NEWS.

Agricultural returns of Great Britain for 1876 show: The number of acres under wheat 2,994,958, a decrease of 10.4 per cent. as compared with last year; 2,789,583 acres under oats, an increase of 4.7 per cent. over the year 1875; 2,533,106 acres under barley, an increase of 0.9 per cent. over 1875. Potatoes are planted in 504,913 acres, being 3.4 per cent. less than last year. Hops are returned as 69,980 acres, which give an increase of 1.2 per cent. as compared with last year. The total number of live stock in Great Britain up to 1876, was 5,848,214 cattle, 28,178,059 sheep and 2,293,717 pigs. These figures, as compared with 1875, show a decrease of 3.4 per cent. in sheep, and an increase of 2.0 per cent. in pigs.

MORTALITY AMONG FISHES.—The Snow Hill (Md.) *Messenger*, of the 14th inst., says: A singular freak of nature has taken place on the Atlantic coast during the past week. Millions upon millions of dead fish of different species have been washed up from the sea and lie rotting in the sun, like John Randolph's mackerel on a moonlight night. In one place on Cobb's Island there is a strip of the beach, two miles long and seventy-five feet wide, covered with them to a depth of from three to six feet. Several large vessels are engaged in collecting and transporting them to the farmers of Accomac county, to be used for manure.

The farmers of Wyandotte county, Kansas, have organized a vigilance committee to protect themselves against horse thieves, and hanged William Fulton and another desperado named Hendley, eight miles southwest of that city, on Sunday morning. It is also said that they took three others into custody, who have been undoubtedly hanged, and that the farmers of Jackson county, Missouri, are co-operating with them. Jackson county was the home of the James boys and Clel Miller, the Northfield bank-robbers.

The proper time to repair farming tools and implements of all kinds, is in the season when they are not required for use. The farmer should therefore see to it that his mowing machines, reapers, hay racks, scythe snaths, rakes, forks, hoes, ploughs, chains, wagons, and carts are thoroughly repaired and painted, wherever necessary, in the winter time.

A man from Maine makes his headquarters at Rumney, N. H., every winter season, and sets more than three thousand traps for different kinds of animals in Coos and Grafton counties. He had very good success, and last season secured fur to the value of $1,000, including seventeen otters at $28 each. He has already captured $600 worth this season.

A resident of Worcester, N. Y., has celebrated the Centennial year by raising four immense turnips, which together weigh more than forty-six pounds. The largest is more than two feet and eleven inches in circumference.

Brentano, the famous newsdealer of New York, arrived in this country in 1853 and began business by peddling newspapers at retail. He is now, at the age of forty-seven, one of the best known characters in New York, and has a fortune estimated at $500,000.

Two enterprising Californians, who four years ago planted a thousand acres in walnuts and almonds, will net $250,000 from this year's crop alone.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Interest charged on all accounts, after thirty days.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM.

SALEM LODGE, NO. 36, I. O. O. F. Meets every Tuesday night, at 8 o'clock, in the hall over Siddall's Store. V. O. THOMPSON, N. G. J. H. MASTEN, Secretary.

SALEM ENCAMPMENT, NO. 20, I. O. O. F. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month, at 8 o'clock. Same hall as above.

J. G. SIDES, C. P.
C. E. CRIST, Scribe.

SALEM LODGE, NO. 18, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS. Meets every Wednesday night, in same hall as Odd Fellows, at 8 o'clock. R. A. HAMILTON, C. C. JNO. H. SHULTZ, K. of R. & S.

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY.

Salem, N. C., Post Office Arrangements.—Office hours from 6 o'clock, a. m., to 6, p. m., during the week. As no mails arrive or depart on Sunday the office will not be opened on that day.

TIME OF ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF MAILS.

RAILROAD, from Greensboro' to Salem, closes every day, except Sunday, at 6, a. m., Due every day, except Sunday, by 8 15, p. m.

MOUNT AIRY MAIL, via Old Town, Bethania Five Forks, Dalton, Pilot Mountain, Flat Shoals and Tom's Creek. Closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 6.30, a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, by 7, p. m.

MADISON MAIL, via Sedge Garden, Germanton, Walnut Cove and Sauratown: Closes, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6 30, a. m.—due Monday, Wednesday and Friday by 5, p. m.

HUNTSVILLE MAIL, via Clemmonsville, Lewisville and Panther Creek; closes Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 6.30 a. m. Due Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday by 3, p. m.

FULTON MAIL, via Friedberg, Miller's Mill and Elbaville; closes every Friday at 6.30, a.m., due every Saturday by 3, p. m.

RICHMOND HILL MAIL, via Mount Tabor, Vienna, Red Plains and East Bend; closes every Friday at 6½ a. m., due every Saturday by 2, p. m. H. W. SHORE, P. M.

Mr. J. E. MICKEY has the largest stock of **Cooking** and **Heating Stoves** ever brought to this market. **Stove Pipe, Stove Fixtures, Tin Wares, Wagons, Leather, &c.,** at the

BIG COFFEE POT.

Mrs. J. E. MICKEY has just returned from Philadelphia and New York with a fine stock of **Millinery Goods** and **Notions.**

THE GOVERNOR'S MESSAGE.—We lay this important State paper before our readers in an *extra*, this week. It will doubtless be read with great interest by those who have not yet had the pleasure of its perusal.

☞ See first page.

TOWN LOTS FOR SALE in East and West Winston. Enquire at the SALEM BOOK STORE.

SEE F. W. Meller's new advertisement.

THE hog pound contains two swine, guilty of forbidden trespass.

The walls of Mr. Joyner's new store-rooms, in Winston, are *slowly* rising upward.

THOSE who have turkeys for sale, could dispose of some, by inquiring at this office.

MR. LEE MASTEN has closed his Confectionery Store in Winston.

AN error occurred in our last week's issue of Court proceedings. The name Eugene was used in place of Ezra Hauser.

THE annual Thanksgiving meeting will be hold in the Moravian Church, on this (Thursday) morning at 10 o'clock A. M.

Apples from Grayson and other Virginia counties, were offered in abundance on our streets, Saturday, at 60 and 75 cents per bushel

THE third snow fell on Tuesday, and from all indications so far, our recent prophecy for 10 snows this winter will undoubtedly prove correct.

THE improved boilers of Messrs F. & H. Fries arrived at our depot last Wednesday evening. We were informed that they measure 14 feet in length, 54 inches in diameter, and weigh 8,000 pounds apiece.

OPPOSSUM HUNTING has been prosecuted with almost more than common energy this season, both by amateurs and professionals. One of our sportsmen has bagged more than a hundred of these night-prowling marauders, whereat the owners of poultry may rejoice exceedingly.

A NEW Pottery Establishment is being erected near the old Salisbury road, about half a mile south of this place, Mr. Lewis Hine being proprietor. We are glad to notice this enterprise, and wish Mr. H. the best of success.

On the 1st of December the mechanics of Salem will resume their afternoon labor at half-past twelve, instead of one o'clock, owning to the shortness of winter days.

ENSIGN S. C. LEMLY, left on Tuesday for Hampton Roads, where he will take the ship Hartford, having received unexpected orders to the above effect Saturday.

WE were shown recently a very neat specimen of chairs bottomed, by a colored person of this county. The material used being shucks, and surpasses in appearance and durability the white oak splits in general use.

VESPER.—The ladies of the Salem Musical Society will give a Vesper on the afternoon of Friday December 1st, from 2 to 5 o'clock P. M., for benefit of the Society. Instrumental and Vocal music will be rendered during the afternoon. Tickets of admittance, 25 cents, to be redeemed at the tables.

The case of Bodenhamer against Whitfield, commenced in our Court over twenty years ago, was decided last week in favor of Bodenhamer. The original cause of action was a few feet of ground, worth only a small amount, but the costs and fees have accumulated to such an extent as to bankrupt both parties.

The vacancy occasioned by the death of E. A. Vogler, Treasurer of Salem Congregation, has been filled by the appointment of James T. Linaback. Business will be continued at the office of the Treasurer, opposite the Salem Bank. Office hours from 9 to 12 o'clock A. M., and from 1 to 4 o'clock, P. M.

J. W. HUNTER, *Chairman.*

Notice.

Application will be made to the General Assembly, now in session, for Amendments to the Act of Incorporation, (or Charter) of the town of Salem, by

AUGUSTUS FOGLE, *Mayor.*

Salem, N. C. Nov. 25th, 1876.

LARGE HOGS.—Mr. Chas. Pfohl of this place slaughtered two fine hogs, weighing 240 pounds apiece.

Mr. A. Fogle killed 17 porkers, averaging 269½ pounds net, each.

Mr. D. Tavis of Winston, slaughered on Tuesday two fine hogs, netting 300 and 348.

The citizens of Salem, Winston, and the surrounding country will have an opportunity of enjoying themselves, and at the same time assist in a good cause, by attending the OYSTER SUPPER in the Court House, this (Thursday) evening, the proceeds of which are to be applied for the benefit of the Baptist Church.

MARY MASTEN.

SHERIFF HILL and Deputy Sheriff Douthit left Tuesday morning with convicts for State Penitentiary, sentenced last court, as follows:

Cornelius Reich, colored, 5 years, for stealing a pair of shoes.

Pleas. Whittus, colored, 5 years, stealing money.

John Henderson, colored, 5 years, stealing a watch.

Arch. Adams, colored, 7 years, breaking into a house and stealing whiskey, &c.

John Robertson, colored, 10 years, stealing an engine off the N. W. N. C. R. R. at Salem.

William Cook sentenced 10 years for larceny.

COURT ITEMS.—On Wednesday, case of J. W. Alspaugh vs. Thomas M. Brown called and failed.

State vs. J. W. Goslen came up on Wednesday. Defendant fined $100 and cost.

H. Oaks was found guilty as charged in bill of indictment. Sentence twelve months imprisonment in county jail.

Thursday the case of State vs. J. W. Goslen was brought up again, and fine reduced to $25 and costs, upon the Court hearing the article read that appeared in the *Republican*.

Case of J. M. and W. P. Grogan against E. M. Hatcher postponed till Friday at 9 o'clock A. M.

Case of Paul Crutchfield vs. Richmond and Danville R. R. Co., for damages postponed till next day.

Friday William Cook received sentence of 10 years imprisonment in State penitentiary for larceny.

Case of Alexander Pride discharged.

Case of Henry Hughes called and failed.

The following cases appealed to the Supreme Court since our last issue and appeals granted: Paul Crutchfield vs. Richmond & Danville R. R. Company; J. Hill against Jno. Sprinkle and Philip Mock; J. W. and W. R. Grogan vs. E. M. Hatcher.

THE Salem Literary Society will give a Public Entertainment on Saturday next. December the 2nd, at the Music Hall and the following programme will be observed:

MUSIC.

Reading of Scriptures, by the Chaplain.
Introductory Address, by the President.

MUSIC.

Declamation.....ROBERT BECK.
Oration.....J. C. BUXTON.

MUSIC.

DEBATE.—QUERY.—Resolved that difference of talent is due more to Nature than to Circumstances.

Affirmative.	*Negative.*
F. H. FRIES,	WM. ORMSBY.
R. A. HAMILTON,	JNO. SCHOTT.

MUSIC.

Report of the Judges.
Collection for benefit of Society.
MUSIC.

THANKSGIVING, as its name indicates, is the observance of a particular day set apart by the National Executive, as a time for us as a people to return thanks to an all-bounteous Providence for the manifold blessings we enjoy. It has been in some sections of our union a time-honored institution. In the New England States from a very early period it came to be regarded as a festive occasion. In that region it has grown into a custom for all the members of one family, whom business pursuits or other causes may have separated, to strive to reassemble under the old roof's-tree on this day, and thus reunited partake of the good cheer amply provided for this festive reunion. Pumpkin-pie generally figures on the occasion, in memory of the important part assigned to it in those early days when the wilderness yet unsubdued, it was one of the few luxuries which the hardy pioneer fathers had wherewith to regale themselves.—But whatever the mere outward form or ceremonies, we hold the celebration of this day to be a laudable custom and trust that the American people, throughout the entire extent of our National Domain, will more and more fall into this habit of duly celebrating it with each annual recurrence, in a true spirit of devout praise for the manifold mercies and benefits heaped upon us. Truly have we cause to be thankful. We are at peace with foreign nations; we are living under a free goverment, the return to the husbandman has been ample; we are at liberty to worship according the dictates of our conscience; we have public schools open to all; we have a free press—and it remains for our people, seizing upon these unparalled advantages, to enjoy to the uttermost all the blessings flowing therefrom, and by the observance of that virtue and religion which enables a people, to transmit them to our posterity. [COM.

Forsyth County.

SALEM, CHAPEL, N. C., Nov. 20th, 1876.

Editors of Salem Press:—The North Carolina Virginia Christian Conference convened at this place, last week. Fifty or sixty Ministers and delegates were present at the organization. Rev. W. S. Long was chosen President, and Rev. D. A. Long Secretary.

Rev. W. W. Staley was excused from delivering the annual sermon.

Two or three young men joined the Bible class.

Although it rained nearly all day on the Sabbath, the house was filled to its utmost capacity with anxious listeners. Rev. J. T. Whitley and E. W. Beale, Suffolk Va., preached highly interesting discources.

The next session will be held with the Church at Pleasant Grove, Halifax County, Va. Rev. W. S. Long has been chosen to deliver the annual address.

Rev's. J. W. Wellans and D. T. Deanes have been chosen Fraternal Messengers to the M. P. Conference, and Rev's. D. A. Long, A. G. Anderson and M. L. Hurley to the M. E. Conference.

The Committees on Donations, Sunday Schools, Temperance, and Home Missions will report this week. M.

Parents, mothers, nurses, do not fail to give Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup to the little ones for all cases of Coughs and colds. Only 25 cents.



MARRIED,

At Shallow Ford, in Yadkin County, on the 21st instant, by Rev. Geo. B. Wetmore, JAMES C. GIBSON, Esq., of Cabarrus County to Miss BETTIE P., youngest daughter of the late Hon. R. C. Puryear.

In the Methodist Church, Winston, on Sunday the 26th inst., by the Rev. T. H. Pegram, Mr. JAMES KENNEDY to Miss FLORENCE BROWN.

On the 6th inst., by Rev. Charles E. Murray, Mr. ARTHUR W. SELLMAN to MRS. J. T. SHARP, of Hertford County, N. C.

At the residence of Mr. John Warren, Stokes County, on the 16th instant, by Wyatt Vaughn, Esq., Mr. W. H. FRANCE to Miss LAVINIA ANNETTE, daughter of the late John M. and Martha L. Griffin.

OBITUARY.

DIED, At Farmington, Davie County, N. C., Nov. 20th, 1876, Miss NANNIE C. SWAIM, aged 22 years, 11 months and 20 days.

It pleased God to lay the cross of suffering most heavily upon her, and when her tiny hands, so pale and gentle, were folded upon her quiet breast, our hearts could still their anguish, for we knew she rested, and her spirit had passed all peacefully to him who bears the lambs of the fold so tenderly to his bosom.

The hearts of her parents, brothers and sisters and dear friends, are bereaved and sorrowful that the grave has won our dear one, with her winning smiles, gentle ways and loving heart. But why mourn we? Let us be patient.

"In the cold, moist earth we laid her,
When the forest cast the leaf,
And we wept that one so lovely
Should have a life so brief.
Yet not unmeet it was,
That fair young daughter of ours,
So gentle and so lovely,
Should perish with the flowers. A PARENT.

CHRISTMAS GOODS
AT MELLER'S

AGAIN CHRISTMAS IS COMING with its good cheer and kindly greetings. And as kindly F. W. MELLER invites the public to examine the largest stock of

TOYS AND FANCY GOODS

in this market.

His confectionary department embraces all the varieties of CANDIES, FRUITS and NUTS, usually found in first class establishments.

F. W. MELLER.

Official Vote for Governor.

COUNTIES.	1872 Caldwell.	1872 Merrimon.	1876 Vance.	1876 Settle.
Alamance	1,015	1,270	1,350	1,183
Alexander	389	545	—	—
Alleghany	184	339	527	150
Anson	1,019	1,191	—	—
Ashe	761	752	1,067	875
Beaufort	1,565	1,331	1,686	1,546
Bertie	1,514	949	—	—
Bladen	1,448	1,207	1,305	1,390
Brunswick	708	711	1006	1,041
Buncombe	1,114	1,538	1,963	1,180
Burke	683	852	1,195	620
Cabarrus	811	1,161	—	—
Caldwell	332	829	1,172	289
Camden	554	562	—	—
Carteret	739	1,062	1,147	703
Caswell	1,456	1,415	1,462	1,628
Catawba	426	1,261	1,869	448
Chatham	1,683	1,774	2,079	1,902
Cherokee	433	486	456	491
Chowan	342	576	—	—
Clay	142	252	—	—
Cleaveland	547	1,099	1,755	526
Columbus	639	1,024	1,433	767
Craven	2,708	1,146	1,280	2,867
Cumberland	1,883	1,890	—	—
Currituck	349	763	—	—
Davidson	1,516	1,384	1,714	1,838
Davie	662	826	1,011	708
Duplin	1,032	1,750	2,194	1,244
Dare	270	232	—	—
Edgecombe	3,452	1,474	—	—
Forsyth	1,115	1,033	—	—
Franklin	1,560	1,475	1,873	1,916
Gaston	688	928	1,235	814
Gates	514	727	961	497
Granville	2,655	1,976	—	—
Greene	947	783	885	1,073
Guilford	1,831	1,849	2,264	1,977
Graham*	.....	.....	—	—
Halifax	3,640	1,667	—	—
Harnett	695	795	—	—
Haywood	420	740	—	—
Henderson	716	505	—	—
Hertford	983	874	—	—
Hyde	910	816	—	—
Iredell	994	1,738	—	—
Jackson	166	564	—	—
Johnston	1,374	1,481	2,050	1,751
Jones	639	559	599	802
Lenoir	1,270	944	1,217	1,504
Lincoln	906	903	1,125	643
Macon	130	655	747	295
Madison	641	635	—	—
Martin	1,018	1,035	—	—
McDowell	519	706	950	542
Mecklenburg	2,261	2,511	3,428	2,588
Mitchell	628	193	559	732
Montgomery	653	475	634	759
Moore	881	1,035	1,347	1,209
Nash	1,293	1,284	1,686	1,352
New Hanover	3,614	2,261	1,622	2,988
Northampton	1,990	1,095	1,422	2,176
Onslow	492	892	1,309	507
Orange	1,321	1,945	2,410	1,675
Pasquotank	1,053	657	742	516
Perquimans	910	642	—	—
Person	819	1,101	1,186	1,232
Pitt	1,775	1,782	824	1,016
Polk	342	224	—	—
Pamlico	358	446	2,125	1,894
Randolph	1,389	1,364	416	341
Richmond	1,304	1,016	—	—
Robeson	1,583	1,631	—	—
Rockingham	1,301	1,653	2,096	1,763
Rowan	1,118	1,656	—	—
Rutherford	1,013	727	2,163	1,224
Sampson	1,434	1,697	1,231	1,143
Stanley	336	646	—	—
Stokes	830	905	953	472
Surry	838	989	1,129	1,616
Swain	29	332	—	—
Transylvania	206	379	—	—
Tyrrell	343	391	425	203
Union	647	1,023	546	251
Wake	8,843	3,269	—	—
Warren	2,380	1,107	4,192	4,467
Washington	918	492	1,315	2,465
Watauga	353	435	—	—
Wayne	1,949	1,749	—	—
Wilkes	1,294	1,034	—	—
Wilson	1,152	1,319	—	—
Yadkin	866	759	1,774	1,159
Yancey	372	503	849	1,112
			742	349
	98,485	96,660		

* Graham votes with Cherokee.

THE MARKETS.

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY R. A. WOMMACK & CO., SALEM, N. C.

BACON AND LARD:	
Western Sides,	11 to 12
Country,	12½ to 14
Shoulders,	11 to 12½
Hams,	15 to 18
Lard,	12 to 15
GRAIN:	
Corn,	60 to 65
Wheat,	$1 10 to 1 20
Oats,	50 to 60
Flour (per 100 lbs.)	2 50 to 3 00
Meal, " " "	2 00 to 2 25
Chops, " " "	1 50 to 1 75
Rice, Carolina,	10 to 12
Flax Seed (per bushel,)	125 to 0 00
PRODUCE:	
Apples, green,	0 50 to 0 00
Eggs,	12 to 15
Butter,	20 to 25
Feathers,	50 to 60
Beeswax,	25 to 30
Potatoes, Sweet,	00 to 0 50
" Irish,	40 to 60
Hay,	40 to 50
GROCERIES:	
Coffee,	25 to 30
Sugar,	10 to 12½
Molasses, dark,	30 to 40
" syrup,	60 to 85
Salt, coarse, (per sack)	1 40 to 1 50
" fine, dairy " "	2 15 to 2 20
Soda, English,	5½ to 10
Black Pepper, sifted,	30 to 40
Alspice,	30 to 40
Cheese, old country,	18 to 20
Candy, in box.	15 to 15½
Higgins' Soap, per bar,	8½ to 10
Armstrongs' Soap, per bar,	7 to 10
OILS:	
Lamp Oil,	40 to 50
Linseed,	1 15 to 1 25
Sweet,	1 25 to 0 00
Castor,	0 00 to 0 00
Machine,	1 25 to 3 00
NAILS AND IRON:	
Old Dominion, 10d,	3 65
" " 8d,	3 90
" " 6d,	4 15
" " 4d,	4 40
Hammered iron,	5½ to 6
Moulds,	6 to 6½
Tire,	3½ to 4
LEATHER AND HIDES:	
Sole,	26½ to 30
Upper,	40 to 75
Harness,	37 to 40
Hides, dry,	8 to 10
" green,	5
LUMBER AND SHINGLES:	
Heart Fine Lumber,	1 50
Ordinary "	1 25
Long Leaf Pine Shingles,	4 50 to 5 00
Hoop Poles,	3 to 4
YARNS AND SHEETINGS:	
Fries' Yarns,	95 to 1 00
" Sheeting, A	8
" " B	7½
" Cotton Batting per dozen,	2 25

Great Bargains Offered in the

NEW FALL STOCK
OF
DRESS GOODS,
FLANNELS, &C.,
CHAPER THAN EVER.

Best and largest Stock in this section of country,

COME AND SEE.

J. L. FULKERSON.

Salem N. C. Sept 26th, 1876.—



Grape Vines & Peach Trees.

I have on hand a lot of Grape Vines one and two years old, well rooted, of the best varieties, cultivated in this country. Also some thirty varieties of the best improved peaches, which will mature commencing about the 10th of June and continue until the first of October, all of which I will sell very low for cash.

My address is Salem, Forsyth Co., N. C.

My Vineyard and Nurseries are at Arcade Arbor, six miles East of Salem.

Nov. 16—46.-2m. R. F. LINVILLE.

LAND.

Any one having land for sale in Forsyth or the adjoining counties would do well to correspond with the undersigned. State particulars as to location, nature of wood-growths, &c., and whether the land contains mica.

JOHN HENRY BONER, *Land Agent,*
No. 9, H Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C.

NOTICE.

APPLICATION will be made to the General Assembly of North Carolina, now in session, for an act to incorporate the Board of Provincial Elders of the Southern Province of the Moravian Church, or Unitas Fratrum.

NOTE PAPER and ENVELOPES put up in neat and fancy Boxes, with and without Initials. These Goods are very fine and selling fast. Come before the stock is broken.

PAPER. A fresh supply of Box paper, of all grades, cheaper than ever, at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.

LOT NEW CALICOES just received at WOMMACK & CO'S.

CHROMOS Cheap, Cheaper, Cheapest small Chromos, at BOOKSTORE.

A VALUABLE BOOK FOR EVERYBODY!



For Sale CHEAP at the Salem BOOK STORE.

INFELICE is Mrs. Augusta Evans Wilson's new and charming book, probably the best ever written by this most fascinating Southern authoress. The work is selling fast and Carlton's presses in New York are tasked to their utmost to produce them fast enough to supply the demand at Blums.

MEMORANDUMS, in great variety at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.

D. R. LEAK. **WINSTON** T. A. WILSON.

Marble and Granite Works!

The undersigned respectfully announce that they have opened a first class

MARBLE & GRANITE YARD,

Where they are prepared to furnish

MARBLE HEADSTONES, MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, MANTELS, &C., &C.

Granite Work for Building and Graveyard purposes. All Monuments and Tombs executed in the

FINEST STYLE!

NONE BUT SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED.

Orders from a distance solicited and promptly filled at prices that cannot be undersold.
Designs sent to any one on application, free of charge.
Country produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work.
All work warrented. Address

LEAK & WILSON,
WINSTON, N. C.

June 27, 1876.

A NEW STOCK OF

FALL AND WINTER GOODS AT MRS. DOUTHIT'S.



FALL AND WINTER 1876-'77.

HAVING OPENED A NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT of Goods in my line, I offer them at such prices as bring them within the means of all to purchase the LATEST STYLES of NEW FALL AND WINTER HATS AND BONNETS, SASHES, RIBBONS, FRENCH AND AMERICAN FLOWERS, LACES AND EDGINGS, RUFFS AND RUFFLING. A large assortment of LADIES' TIES, LINEN AND LACE COLLARS, KID & BERLIN GLOVES, BRAIDS & SWITCHES, HOSIERY & CORSETS. **NOTIONS, Perfumeries and Extracts** and many other articles in my line. **Jet Jewelry & Necklaces,** the latest and most beautiful styles just received.

Mrs. Douthit returns thanks for the very liberal encouragement received, and hopes to be able to please her friends and the public, in future.

Salem, N. C., October 15th, 1876.

SMITH'S DRUG STORE,

SAMUEL H. SMITH'S DRUG STORE: SAMUEL H. SMITH'S DRUG STORE:

SAMUEL H. SMITH,
DRUGGIST,
One Door Below Newell, Mitchell & Co.'s,
WINSTON, N. C.



AS I AM BETTER PREPARED TO SERVE THE Public than ever, I call the attention of buyers to my well selected Stock of

Pure Drugs, Medicines,
Chemicals, Paints, Dye-Stuffs,

Solid and Fluid Extracts, Fancy and Toilet Articles, Stationery of all kinds,

Cigars, Tobacco, Pure Wines and Liquors,

for Medical purposes. Agency for Linville's Pure Wines, Parson's Purgative Pills, Bickley's Worm Agent, Dr. J. H. McLane's Family Medicines.

I will make it to the interest of buyers to call and see me. Remember that I receive New Goods every week, and all medicines that go out of Store are pure and reliable, as I buy from the best and most reliable Drug Houses in the country.

My experience in the Drug business, and success since I have been in Winston, is a sufficient guarantee as to my ability in Compounding Drugs, filling Prescriptions, &c.

Thanking my many friends and customers for their patronage, so liberally bestowed. I hope to merit a continuance of the same, by strict personal attention to business.

: WINSTON, - N.C.

FARMER'S HEADQUARTERS

THE LD RELIABLE

BROWN'S WARE HOUSE,

The Proprietors would remind their friends and patrons that they

Defy Competition and all Combinations

That their House is being ENLARGED to accommodate their greatly increased business, giving them a LARGER FLOOR BY 2,000 SQUARE FEET than any house in Winston.—That they will have

Fourteen Large Sky-Lights, with Ten Doors for Unloading.

That their LOT HAS BEEN ENLARGED AND IMPROVED, and shall be equaled in convenience by none.

Will always gladly welcome you and extend every attention possible, and continue to

Guarantee the Highest Market Prices, Promptness and Accuracy.

Your Friends, Truly,

Nov. 18, 1875. T. J. BROWN & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FINE GOODS AT Popular Prices — L — ESTABLISHED IN —1860.—

FREDERIC LOESER & CO'S

BROOKLYN MAMMOTH ESTABLISHMENT!

DRESS GOODS, MILLINERY GOODS, SILKS, LACES, HOSIERY, BUTTONS, GLOVES, UNDERWEAR, LADIES' AND CHILDRENS' OUTFITS.

OUR "FASHION LIGHT,"

published monthly, contains choice reading matter and gives all the latest information on fashions. It will, on application, be mailed free of charge. ORDERS FROM THE COUNTRY SOLICITED AND FILLED WITH GREAT CARE AND DESPATCH. Orders from $10 upward forwarded at our expense when prepaid by P. O. or draft.

FREDERICK LOESER & CO.,
Fulton, Tillary and Washington Sts., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Highest Premium at the Centennial Awarded to the

LAMB KNITTING MACHINE!

Knits a Stocking in 15 Minutes.

Knitting in the heel and narrowing off the toe complete; knits all sizes; narrows and widens at will; and knits the web either Tubular or Flat, Single, Double, or Ribbed, PRODUCING ALL VARIETIES OF KNIT APPAREL. Send for circulars and sample stocking.

LAMB KNITTING MACHINE CO.
Chicopee Falls, Mass. or Philadelphia, Pa.

$5 to $10 PER DAY TO AGENTS! **Best Selling Goods!** HAASIS & LUBRECHT, 107 Liberty St. N. Y.

$55 to $77 a Week to Agents. Samples FREE. P. O. VICKORY Augusta, Maine.

AGENTS FOUR **$10.00** CHROMOS FREE. J. M. MUNYON & CO., Philada., Pa.

$500 A MONTH a certainty to any person selling our LETTER BOOK. No press, brush or water used. Sample Book worth $3.00 sent free. Send stamp for circular. EXCELSIOR CO., 17 Tribune Building, CHICAGO.

Centennial Reduction in Advertising.

Three thousand, two hundred and fifty dollars worth of newspaper advertising, at publisher's schedule rates, given for $700, and a three months' note accepted in payment from advertisers of responsibility. A printed list giving Name, Character, Actual Daily and Weekly Circulation, and Schedule Rates of Advertising, sent free to any address. Apply to GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., Newspaper Advertising Agents, 41 Park Row, New York.

LAMPS! LAMPS!!

Just received the largest

STOCK OF LAMPS

I ever offered. Parties can now get a fine LAMP at manufacturer's prices.

J. L. FULKERSON.

Salem, N. C. October 16th, 1876.

THE BOOK & STATIONERY BUSINESS OF E. J. HALE & SON, 17 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK,

Will not be interrupted by the removal of Mr P. M. Hale to Raleigh. Orders from prompt customers solicited, and promptly filled at lowest market rates.

Oct. 1876—46no 3m.

PORTABLE and STATIONARY STEAM ENGINES, STEAM BOILERS, SAW, FLOUR AND GRIST MILLS, MILL GEARING MADE Without Patterns, SHAFTING, PULLEYS AND HANGERS IMPROVED DESIGNS, A SPECIALTY. The UNEQUALLED JAS. LEFFEL DOUBLE TURBINE WATER WHEEL. 7000 in use. ADDRESS, POOLE & HUNT, BALTIMORE, MD. SEND FOR CIRCULARS.

Poetry.

Old Sayings in Rhyme.

As poor as a church-mouse,
As thin as a rail,
As fat as a porpoise,
As rough as a gale,
As brave as a lion,
As spry as a cat,
As bright as a sixpence,
As weak as a rat.

As proud as a peacock,
As sly as a fox,
As mad as a March hare,
As strong as an ox,
As fair as a lily,
As empty as air,
As rich as Crœsus,
As cross as a bear.

As pure as an angel,
As neat as a pin,
As smart as a steel trap,
As ugly as sin,
As dead as a door nail,
As white as a sheet,
As flat as a pancake,
As red as a beet.

As round as an apple,
As black as our hat,
As brown as a berry,
As mean as a miser,
As blind as a bat,
As full as a tick,
As plump as a partridge,
As sharp as a stick.

As clean as a penny,
As dark as a pall,
As hard as a millstone,
As bitter as gall,
As fine as a fiddle,
As clear as a bell,
As dry as a herring,
As deep as a well.

As light as a feather,
As hard as a rock,
As stiff as a poker,
As calm as a clock,
As green as a gosling,
As brisk as a bee;—
And now let me stop,
Lest you weary of me.

Humorous.

For the Court to Decide.

Somewhere about a score of years ago, while Neal Dow's law was in full force, an incident occurred in the court held in Paris, Me., worth recording. Judge X. was on the bench. He was a genial, jolly soul in society, but inclined to be a little testy sometimes in judicial harness. The case on trial was the State vs. a hotelkeeper, and the complaint was sale of liquor. One of the principal witnesses was singularly obtuse. He did not like to tell lies, nor did he seem anxious to tell the whole truth. He confessed to having made a purchase, but he could not tell what he purchased nor could he remember what he had asked for. At length the county attorney asked him:

"Did you drink any of it?"

"Not thar."

"Well, did you drink it anywhere?"

"I must a' done it."

"How did it taste?"

"I couldn't say."

"Yes, you can say. Certainly you can tell how it tasted."

At this point the court interposed. The question was deemed trifling and out of place.

"Why do you press it," the judge demanded.

"Well, your Honor," replied the attorney, "it is very evident that the witness bought liquor of the defendant, and we want to know what description of liquor it was. As the witness refuses to tell me what it was, I thought if he would only tell how it tasted the court might be able to determine for itself."

The audible smile that followed, inside and outside the bar, told that the hit was understood and appreciated.

They tell a good story of an old business man who recently found himself "concerned" financially, and desired to go into bankruptcy. He applied to a lawyer to know how much it would cost to have the papers made out and the business put through. He was told that the expense would be about $100, and appearing to be satisfied with the price, he told the lawyer to go ahead. The lawyer followed the instructions, and when the work was done he called for his little $100. "All right," said the bankrupt, "you can put your claim right in with the others."

An old colored preacher was lecturing a youth of his fold about the sin of dancing, when the latter protested that the Bible plainly said, "There is a time to dance." "Yes, dar am a time to dance," said the dark divine, "an' it's when a boy gits a whippin' for g'wine to a ball."

An exchange asks, "does hanging prevent murder?" Our opinion is that it does. There is not a case on record of a person committing murder after he had been successfully hanged.

A western farmer complains that a hook and ladder company has been organized in his neighborhood. He states that the ladder is used after night for climbing into his chicken house, after which the hooking is done.

The farmer who hung up an old coat in his field to frighten birds away and afterward found a young brood in one of the pockets, has lost faith in scarecrows.

THE PEOPLE WANT PROOF.

There is no medicine prescribed by physicians, or sold by Druggists, that carries such evidence of its success and superior virtue as BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe Coughs, Colds settled on the Breast, Consumption, or any disease of the Throat and Lungs. A proof of that fact is that any person afflicted, can get a Sample Bottle for 10 cents and try its superior effect before buying the regular size at 75 cents. It has lately been introduced in this country from Germany, and its wonderful cures are astonishing every one that use it. Three doses will relieve any case. Try it.—Sold by DR. V. O. THOMPSON, Druggist,
March 30, 1876. Winston, N. C

INFELICE is Mrs. Augusta Evans Wilson's new and charming book, probably the best ever written by this most fascinating Southern authoress. The work is selling fast and Carlton's presses in New York are tasked to their utmost to produce them fast enough to supply the demand at Blums.

MEMORANDUMS, in great variety at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.

DIARIES, for 1877, cheap, at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.

S. E. ALLEN,

WHOLESALE & RETAIL DEALER IN

HARDWARE,

AND

HOUSE FURNISHIG GOODS.

HEAD QUARTERS FOR

Iron,
Nails,
Stoves,
Window Glass,
Sash,
Blinds and Doors,

OPPOSITE COURT HOUSE

WINSTON, N. C.

HAS ALSO A FULL LINE OF

ACORN COOKING

AND

HEATING STOVES.

GET THE BEST

ACORN WOOD COOK

AND

HEATER.

Don't Purchase YOUR GOODS Until You Examine PATTERSON & CO'S SPLENDID STOCK.

WE PROPOSE

"TO FILL THE BILL"

For all articles needed in this country, and to sell at

UNUSUALLY LOW PRICES!

We shall receive invoices of new goods every week during the Fall season, and will be prepared to supply

Wholesale & Retail Customers.

We invite a visit from every one wishing to purchase the best articles for the least money.

PATTERSON & CO.

Salem, N. C., July 15, 1876.

ELEGANT DISPLAY!

NEW AND ATTRACTIVE GOODS

—AT—

W. T. VOGLER'S JEWELRY STORE.

SALEM, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED and receiving the largest and best selected stock of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Spectacles, Walking Canes, Musical Boxes, SILVER PLATED WARE, Fine Cutlery, Thermometers, Fancy Goods, &c., &c.

ever brought to this place since the war. They are just the thing for

BIRTHDAY GIFTS.

Mr. Vogler respectfully invites his numerous friends and customers to examine his large and well selected stock, feeling assured that they can find all they want in his line at very reasonable figures.

HAIR JEWELRY,
OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS, MADE TO ORDER.

REPAIRING

of every description, in my line of business, neatly and promptly executed.

MARBLE GRAVE STONES, of all sizes and styles, made to order, and at reduced prices.
Salem, N. C., Nov. 25, 1875.

THE WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.

RECEIVED THE

HIGHEST AWARD

AT THE

CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION,

A MEDAL AND DIPLOMA, FOR THE BEST

Family Sewing Machine

ADAPTED TO ALL KINDS OF WORK.

101,616, Sold this Year 1876.

Price $50 CASH, and all attachments free. Agents Wanted in every County.

A. M. JONES,
Gen. Agent Wilson Sewing Machine,
Salem, N. C.

FOR THE YEAR 1877.

THE OLD RELIABLE

BLUM'S FARMER'S AND PLANTER'S

ALMANAC,

now ready and for sale, wholesale and retail, at the SALEM BOOKSTORE.

INKS 5, 10, 50, 75 cent Inks at the *SALEM BOOKSTORE.*

NORTH CAROLINA State Life Insurance Company.

RALEIGH, N. C.

Capital - - 200,000

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Has issued nearly 2,000 policies. Prudent economical and energetic management has made it a thoroughly successful corporation, and the leading Life Company in the State.

Issues every desirable form of Policy at as low rates as are consistent with prudence and safety.—Imposes no useless restriction upon residence or travel. Policies non-forfeitable after two or three annual payments. Has FIVE DOLLARS of ASSETS for every dollar of LIABILITIES, with which to secure Policy Holders.

ALL LOSSES PAID PROMPTLY.

Its entire assets loaned and invested in NORTH CAROLINA, to foster and encourage Home Enterprises, and to protect and assist our own people.

With these facts before them, will the people of North Carolina continue to send out of the State annually, thousands upon thousands of dollars to build up Foreign Companies, when they can secure insurance equally reliable and on as good terms in their own

HOME COMPANY,

managed by some of the best and most preminent citizens of the State, and where every dollar of premium paid is invested in our own State, and among our own people?

O. H. PERRY, Supervising Agent.
J. W. FRIES, Agent, Salem, N. C.
Dr. V. O. THOMPSON, Agent, Winston, N. C.
Fep. 17, 1876. 7-1y

OUR DAILY EXCHANGES.

THE DAILY NEWS.

PUBLISHED BY THE
NEWS PUBLISHING COMPANY,
Raleigh, N. C.
CASH—INVARABLY IN ADVANCE.
DAILY EDITION

One copy one year,	$5.00
" " six months,	$3.00
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THE DAILY OBSERVER.

published by
CHAS. R. JONES & F. BREVARD McDOWELL
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SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily 1 year, (post paid) in advance	8.00
" 6 mos " "	4.00
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" 1 mon. " "	75

THE MORNING STAR.

PUBLISHED DAILY, BY
WM. H. BERNARD
Wilmington, N. C.
Rates of Subscription in advance:

One copy one year (postage paid,)	$7.00
" " six months, " "	4.00
" " threemonths " "	2.25
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THE RALEIGH SENTINEL,

Published Daily in Raleigh, N. C.

AT EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR.

FRANK LESLIE, at his Mammoth Publishing House, 587 Pear Street, New York, issues seventeen bautifully illustrated news papers and magazines. Mr. Leslie was the first in the United States to undertake the publication of a weekly illustrated newspaper, and to him belongs the honor of being the publisher of the "Oldest Illustrated Newspaper in America." The person who secures the agency for these publications for this vicinity, and will give our citizens an opportunity of inspecting the several issues and copies of the eight magnificent chromos the choice from which is given with a subscription to either of the Illustrated Weeklies, will have a handsome and profitable employment. These papers are well known, and sell readily for from 10 to 15 cents on news-stands, and are now first offered through agents to annual subscribers, with a valuable chromo, which to all lovers of art, is alone worth more than the subscription price. An annual subscriber to the ILLUSTRATED NEWSPAPER receives during the year 832 newspaper pages. Folded to the size of a large oddavo book the subscriber would have 3,328 pages, equal to seven octavo books of ordinary size, say 460 pages each, and one half of these pages would contain fine engravings, and for the centennial year will make the most accurate and valuable Illustrated History of the National Jubilee published. We advise our readers, after they have subscribed to the PRESS to secure one of Frank Leslie's illustrated periodicals, and with it the beautiful chromo.

THE

MASONIC JOURNAL.

GREENSBORO, N. C.

The only Masonic WEEKLY published IN THE UNITED STATES! Eight pages thirty-two broad columns.

Treats of all topics of interest to the Craft. Literature PURE, and is a Household Companion of which every Mason in the country may justly feel proud.

Terms, One Year, $2; Six months, $1.25. Remit by P. O. Order or Registered Letter.

Send stamp for specimen and get up a club.

Address, A. A. WILSON,
Greensboro, N. C.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

THE 15th Session will begin on FRIDAY, JULY 14th, and close on THURSDAY, DEC. 7th.

Besides three courses of study arranged by the Faculty, an Optional course admits a larger range of choice.

The necessary expenses, exclusive of clothing and traveling, vary from $100 to $130 for the session.

For Catalogue, &c., apply to

KEMP P. BATTLE,
President, or
GEO. T. WINSTON,
Secretary.
July 13, 1876.-28-1t Chapel Hill, N. C.

TAKE NOTICE!

ALL PERSONS are hereby notified not to trespass in any way, shape or manner, on or upon the land and premises belonging to the estate of the late Dr. A. T. Zevely, situated in Forsyth county; and are forbidden to cut any trees, or remove any wood, timber, fruit, or anything else, from the said land and premises; hunting and trapping on the lands is also forbidden, under penalty of law.

L. V. BLUM, *Executor.*

Salem, N. C., May 31, 1876. 3m.

NEW PAPETRIES.—
Bismark Note,
Oxford Note,
Auroria Note,
Arcade Note,
Royal Victoria Note
up in neat boxes. See first class papers at BOOK STORE.

WHITE WASH BRUSHES

AT ZEVELY'S DRUG STORE.

THOSE LONG DAYS HAVE COME,

Also New Novels, School Books, Black Glazep Paper, Paper bound Poems, &c. Call at the BOOKSTORE.

A NEW SUPPLY OF

AUTOGRAPH AND WRITING ALBUMS

AT THE BOOK STORE

INITIAL PAPER.—In great variety the SalemBookstore.

GOOD CHEAP GOOD!

MONEY SAVED IS MONEY MADE!

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!

SPRING AND SUMMER, 1876.

R. A. WOMMACK & CO.

Call attention to their complete stock of **GENERAL MERCHANDISE,** which they are determined to sell at

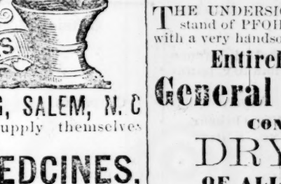
GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Don't fail to call and examine their GOODS. They are determined to please.
June 15th, 1876.

R. H. BATTLE, Jr., President. **C. B. ROOT, Vice President..**
SEATON GALES, Secretary. **PULASKI COWPER Supervisor**

NORTH CAROLINA HOME INURSANCE COMPANY,

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INSURES ALL  **CLASSES OF**

INSURABLE PROPERTY,

AGAINST LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE,

On the Most Reasonable Terms.

Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid. Encourage Home Institutions.

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HODGIN & SULLIVAN.

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

General Merchandise, Agricultural Implements,

Fertilizers, and Agents for the Watt Plows.

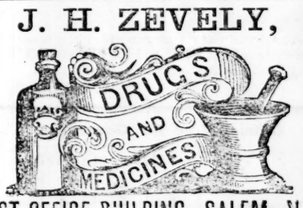
Honest and Fair Dealing our motto.

We buy our Goods for Cash only, and sell for a very small profit. Our stock is kept complete by replenishment all the year, and embraces everything usually kept n a first class store We offer for sale, at reduced prices, the old and established standard fertilizers.

Whann's Raw Bone Super Phosphate, $50 ton. Soluble Pacific Guano, $50 ton.
W. & C. Phosphate of Lime, $50 ton. Zell's Tobacco Fertilizer, $50 ton.

Heavy Groceries, Iron, Leather and Nails made a specialty. We invite all to examine our stock and prices.

J. H. ZEVELY,



POST OFFICE BUILDING, SALEM, N. C

THOSE who wish to supply themselves with fresh and reliable

DRUGS & MEDCINES,

can always find them at the above establishment, at reasonable prices.

FANCY ARTICLES,
PERFUMERY, SOAPS,
NOTIONS
PATENT MEDICINES.
MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,
FINE CUTLERY, &c.
FINE TOBACCO, CIGARS.

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AND

PAPER HANCING.

I RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the people of Salem, Winston and surrounding country, that I am prepared to do all kinds of House Painting in the very best and latest styles. All kinds of Graining, Marbling, Glazing, Kalsomining and Paper Hanging. Terms either by the day or contract. For further particulars apply to

JOSEPH M. GIBBINS.
Slem, N. C., September 18th 1875.

LOOK HERE!

Donaldson's Improved

MEDICAL INHALER

FOR SALE AT

Zevely's Drug Store,

SALEM, N. C.

Cures Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, Hemorrhage, Hoarseness, Coughs, and all kindred diseases.

A. N. ZEVELY,

[Late Assistant Post-Master General.]

ATTENDS TO BUSINESS
BEFORE THE VARIOUS

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OFFICE 421, E. TREET,

OPPOSITE POST-OFFICE DEPARTMENT.

Post-Office Address, Lock Box, 79 Washington City, D. C.

SPICES

of all kinds, pure and unadulterated, as cheap as the cheapest, at

Zevely's Drug Store,

embracing
GROUND CINNAMON,
" CLOVES,
" PEPPER,
" GINGER,
" MUSTARD.

In fact all SPICES usually kept in the Stores. Also

ESSENCES

of Cinnamon, Ginger, Lemon, Peppermint, and all other ESSENCES usually kept in stores, to be had at ZEVELY'S STORE, for the same price that inferior articles are sold at elsewhere. My essences are twice the strength of those found elsewhere.

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PAPER. Just received an invoice of a lot of new style paper. Great bargain. are offered in white box paper at BLUM'S BOOKSTORE.

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CONDENSED TIME TABLE.

In effect on and after Sunday, Oct. 15th, 1876.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.
Leave Charlotte.....	4,55 a. m.
" Airline Junt'n.....	5,20 "
" Salisbury.....	7,35 "
" Greensboro.....	9,55 "
" Danville.....	12.28 p. m.
" Dundee.....	12,76 "
" Burkville.....	5,05 "
Arrive at Richmond.....	7,43 "

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	MAIL.
Leave Richmond.....	7,50 a. m.
" Burkeville.....	10,46 "
" Dundee.	2,55 p. m.
" Danville.....	2,59 "
" Greensboro.....	5,40 "
" Salisbury.....	8,15 "
" Air Line Junction.....	10,25 "
Arrive at Charlotte.....	10,37 "

GOING EAST.

STATIONS.	MAIL.	Read up.
Leave Greensboro	10.60 a. m.	Arr. 5,25 p m
" Company Shops	11,21 a. m.	" 4,15 p m
" Raleigh	2,41 p. m.	" 12,30 p m
Arrive at Goldsboro	5,15 p. m.	Lv. 10,10 a m

NORTH WESTERN N. C. R. R.
(SALEM BRANCH.)

MAIL.

Leave Greensboro,	6 00 p m.
Arrive at Salem	8 15 p m
Leave Salem,	7 03 a m
Arrive at Greensboro,	9 15 a m

Passenger Trains leaving Raleigh at 12,44 P. M. connect at Greensboro with the Southern bound train; making the quickest time to all Southern cities. Accommodation train leaving Raleigh at 10,15 p. m. connects with Northern bound trains at Greensboro for Richmond and points East.—Price of Tickets same as via other routes.

NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN CHARLOTTE AND RICHMOND, 282 MILES.

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Gen'l Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.
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Engineer and General Superintendent.

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THE CONNECTICUT MUTUAL

is the second largest Life Company in the world and will insure your life on the most reasonable terms.

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J. A. LINEBACK, *Agent.*
Salem, N. C. March 5, 1874.-10

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ORNAMENTAL PLANTS OF

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We send the following collections:

20 Packets Flower Seeds,	(per mail)	$ 1 00
3 Roses,	"	1 00
10 Bedding Plants,	"	1 00
12 Evergreens,	"	5 00
6 Flowering Shrubs,	"	1 00

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